

State/Domestic Final Demand, March 2018

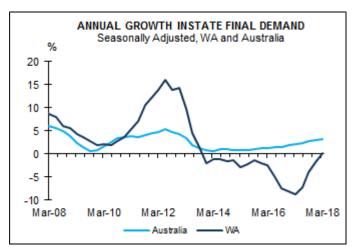
Key Facts

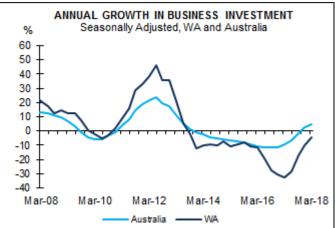
Western Australia

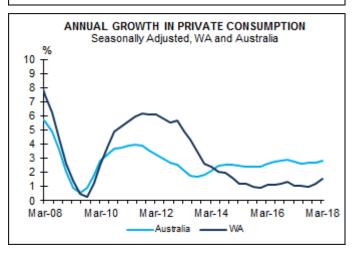
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) decreased by 1.1% in the March quarter 2018 in real, seasonally adjusted terms. In annual average terms1 SFD rose by 0.2% in the year to March 2018.
- Business investment declined by 5.7% in the March quarter, and fell by 4.4% in annual average terms. Public investment declined by 2.1% in the March quarter, and rose by 6.0% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment grew by 3.3% in the March quarter, and fell by 11.9% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption decreased by 0.1% in the March quarter, and rose by 1.5% in annual average terms. Public consumption increased by 0.1% in the March quarter, and rose by 3.4% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports² rose by 4% in the March quarter, and rose by 4.7% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- **Exports** and imports are components Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand increased by 0.6% in the December quarter, and rose by 3.2% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 1.0% in the quarter, and rose by 2.6% in annual average
- In annual average terms, Victoria recorded the largest increase in SFD (4.8%) while Western Australia experienced the weakest SFD result (0.2%).







All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206).

However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22)

EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS OF DOMESTIC DEMAND March 2018

	Western Australia (%)				Australia (%)			
	Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>	
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year
Private Consumption	-0.1	1.5	0.2	1.5	0.3	2.8	0.6	2.8
Business Investment	-5.7	-4.4	-1.3	-4.5	1.3	4.9	0.5	5.0
Dwelling Investment	3.3	-11.9	1.3	-11.6	0.9	-2.5	-0.1	-2.6
Government Consumption	0.1	3.4	0.6	3.1	1.6	3.9	1.2	3.9
Government Investment	-2.1	6.0	-2.1	9.3	-2.0	7.4	0.2	9.0
Final Demand	-1.1	0.2	-0.1	0.2	0.6	3.2	0.7	3.2
Merchandise Exports	4.0	4.7	1.2	3.9	2.4	3.8	0.3	3.3
Merchandise Imports	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.5	6.7	1.3	7.2
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	1.0	2.6	0.7	2.5



State/Domestic Final Demand, June 2018

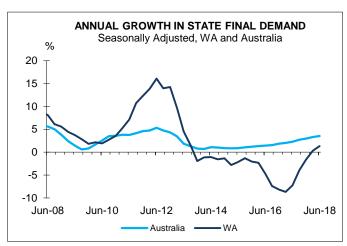
Key Facts

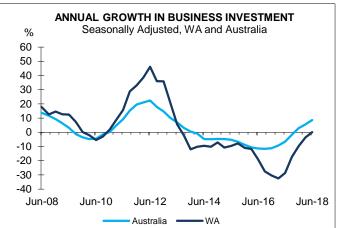
Western Australia

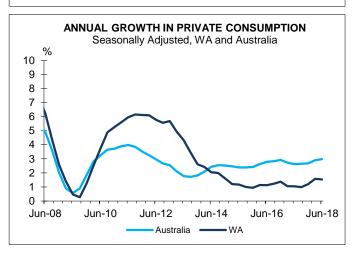
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) increased by 0.2% in the June quarter 2018 in real, seasonally adjusted terms. In annual average terms1 SFD rose by 1.3% in the year to June 2018.
- Business investment declined by 1.2% in the June quarter, and rose by 0.1% in annual average terms. Public investment increased by 2.8% in the June quarter, and rose by 2.5% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment declined by 0.7% in the June quarter, and fell by 5.2% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.1% in the June quarter, and rose by 1.5% in annual average terms. Public consumption increased by 1.7% in the June quarter, and rose by 3.7% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports² increased by 1.8% in the June quarter, and rose by 5.3% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- **Exports** and imports are components Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand increased by 0.6% in the June guarter, and rose by 3.5% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.9% in the quarter, and rose by 2.9% in annual average
- In annual average terms, Victoria recorded the largest increase in SFD (5%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-2.8%).







State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206).

However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22)

All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS OF DOMESTIC DEMAND June 2018

Western Australia (%)

Australia (%)

	Western Australia (70)				Adoli alia (70)				
	Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	
Private Consumption	0.1	1.5	0.1	1.5	0.7	3.0	0.7	3.0	
Business Investment	-1.2	0.1	-2.9	-2.0	-0.7	8.7	-0.3	5.8	
Dwelling Investment	-0.7	-5.2	1.0	-6.0	1.7	-0.5	2.2	-0.4	
Government Consumption	1.7	3.7	0.8	3.5	1.0	4.4	1.3	4.5	
Government Investment	2.8	2.5	-1.5	4.4	0.0	0.7	0.0	5.7	
Final Demand	0.2	1.3	-0.4	1.0	0.6	3.5	0.8	3.5	
Exports ¹	1.7	4.7	1.9	4.7	1.1	3.4	1.2	3.3	
Imports ¹	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.4	6.9	1.1	6.8	
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.9	2.9	0.9	2.9	

¹ Exports refers to merchandise exports (goods) and service exports



State/Domestic Final Demand, September 2018

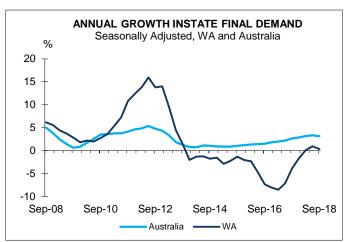
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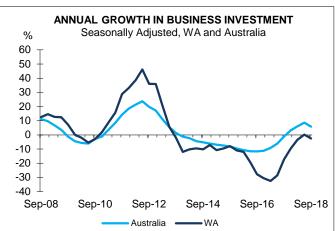
Western Australia

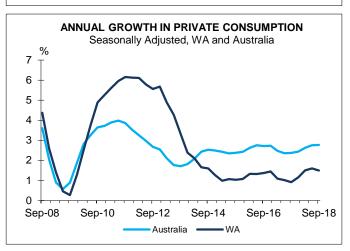
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) increased by 0.4% in the September quarter 2018 in real, seasonally adjusted terms. In annual average terms¹ SFD rose by 0.3% in the year to September 2018.
- Business investment increased by 2.1% in the September quarter, and declined by 2.5% in annual average terms. Public investment increased by 0.5% in the September quarter, and declined by 6.8% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment increased by 0.8% in the September quarter, and increased by 1.6% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption decreased by 0.1% in the September quarter, and rose by 1.5% in annual average terms. Public consumption increased by 0.1% in the September quarter, and increased by 1.8% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports² fell by 2.7% in the September quarter, and rose by 4.8% in annual average terms.
 Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand increased by 0.3% in the September quarter, and rose by 3.1% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.3% in the quarter, and rose by 2.8% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Victoria recorded the largest increase in SFD (4.4%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-8.7%).







State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206). However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22).

Data sourced from Australian Bureau of Statistics Cat. 5206 and 5302 Department of Treasury, 28 Barrack Street, Perth WA 6000. Tel: (08) 6551 2727

¹ All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS OF DOMESTIC DEMAND September 2018

Western Australia (%) Australia (%) **Seasonally Adjusted Trend** Seasonally Adjusted **Trend** Quarter Quarter Quarter Year Quarter Year Year Year Private Consumption -0.1 0.0 0.3 2.8 0.5 1.5 1.4 2.7 **Business Investment** -2.5 -0.4 -1.2 2.1 -2.0 5.8 -0.6 4.3 1.0 2.4 1.0 2.4 2.8 Dwelling Investment 8.0 1.6 1.8 Government Consumption -0.6 4.3 0.1 1.8 0.3 0.5 0.7 3.8 Government Investment -0.2 0.5 -6.8 -0.9 -5.4 3.4 1.3 5.1 **Final Demand** 0.4 0.3 -0.3 0.4 0.3 3.1 0.5 3.2 Exports¹ -2.5 4.4 0.3 5.1 0.1 3.8 1.3 4.5 Imports¹ -1.5 5.2 -0.1 5.4 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. **Gross Domestic Product** 0.3 2.8 2.9 n.a n.a n.a n.a 0.6

¹ Exports refers to merchandise exports (goods) and service exports



State/Domestic Final Demand, December 2018

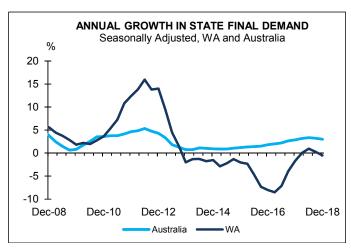
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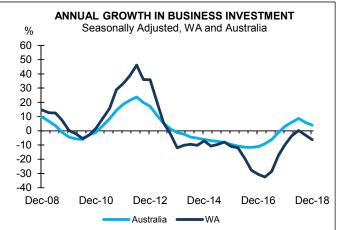
Western Australia

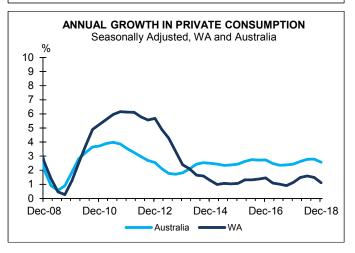
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) declined by 0.3% in the December quarter. In annual average terms¹ SFD fell by 0.5% in 2018.
- Business investment declined by 5.4% in the December quarter, and by 6.2% in annual average terms. Public investment increased by 3.9% in the December quarter, but fell by 6.5% in annual average terms
- Dwelling investment declined by 1.8% in the December quarter, but increased by 4.3% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.4% in the December quarter, and rose by 1.1% in annual average terms. Public consumption increased by 2.0% in the December quarter, and rose by 1.6% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports² fell by 2.8% in the December quarter, but rose by 6.4% in annual average terms.
 Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand grew by 0.3% in the December quarter, and by 3.0% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.2% in the quarter, and by 2.8% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Tasmania recorded the largest increase in SFD (5.0%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-12.4%).







All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

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EXPENDITURE COMPONENTS OF DOMESTIC DEMAND December 2018

Western Australia (%) Australia (%) **Seasonally Adjusted Trend** Seasonally Adjusted **Trend** Quarter Year Quarter Quarter Year Quarter Year Year Private Consumption 0.4 0.2 0.4 2.6 0.4 1.1 1.1 2.6 Business Investment -5.4 -6.2 -5.1 0.4 3.9 -0.4 -2.0 2.0 -1.8 4.3 -1.8 3.0 -3.4 4.4 Dwelling Investment -0.9 3.9 Government Consumption 2.0 1.6 0.9 1.8 4.8 4.5 0.7 1.2 Government Investment 2.2 0.3 3.9 -6.5 -5.7 1.1 0.5 5.7 **Final Demand** -0.3 -0.5 -0.1 -0.3 0.3 3.0 0.5 3.0 Exports¹ -2.7 5.8 -1.1 4.9 -0.7 5.0 -0.2 4.3 Imports¹ 0.1 4.1 -0.3 4.1 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. **Gross Domestic Product** 0.2 2.8 0.3 2.7 n.a n.a n.a n.a

¹ Exports refers to merchandise exports (goods) and service exports