

# State/Domestic Final Demand, March 2019

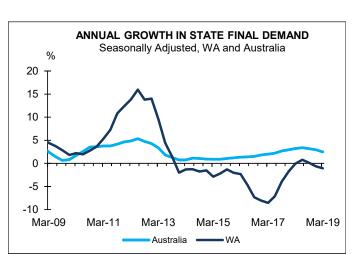
## **Key Facts**

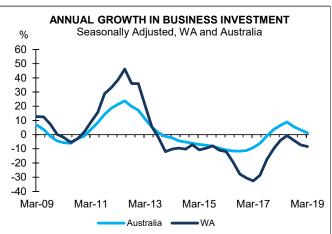
### Western Australia

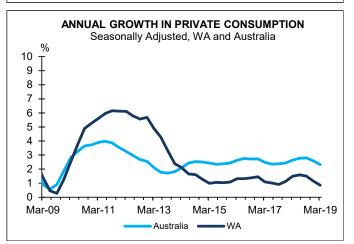
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) declined by 0.3% in the March quarter. In annual average terms<sup>1</sup> SFD fell by 1.1%.
- Business investment declined by 1.5% in the March quarter, and by 8.4% in annual average terms. Public investment declined by 3.5% in the March quarter, and fell by 4.4% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment declined by 3.5% in the March quarter, but increased by 1.0% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.1% in the March quarter, and rose by 0.9% in annual average terms. Public consumption increased by 1.5% in the March quarter, and rose by 1.6% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports<sup>2</sup> fell by 4.4% in the March quarter, but rose by 3.0% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

## Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand grew by 0.1% in the March quarter, and by 2.5% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.4% in the quarter, and by 2.5% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Tasmania recorded the largest increase in SFD (5.4%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-14.1%).







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206). However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22).

March 2019									
	<u>Western Australia (%)</u>				<u>Australia (%)</u>				
	Seasonally Adjusted		Trend		Seasonally Adjusted		Trend		
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	
Private Consumption	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.9	0.3	2.3	0.3	2.3	
Business Investment	-1.5	-8.4	-3.5	-8.9	1.2	1.2	0.3	-0.2	
Dwelling Investment	-3.5	1.0	-1.9	1.5	-2.5	3.1	-2.1	3.0	
Government Consumption	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	0.8	5.0	1.2	4.9	
Government Investment	-3.5	-4.4	0.8	-4.2	0.4	2.3	1.5	6.0	
Final Demand	-0.3	-1.1	-0.3	-1.0	0.1	2.5	0.3	2.5	
Exports <sup>1</sup>	-4.2	2.7	-2.5	2.6	1.0	3.8	0.1	3.8	
Imports <sup>1</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	-0.1	2.3	-0.2	2.1	
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.4	2.5	0.3	2.5	



# **State/Domestic Final Demand, June 2019**

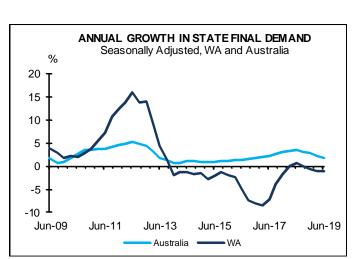
## **Key Facts**

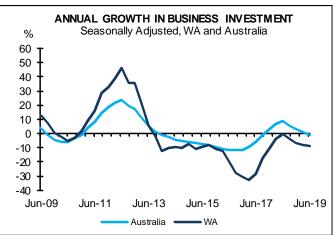
#### Western Australia

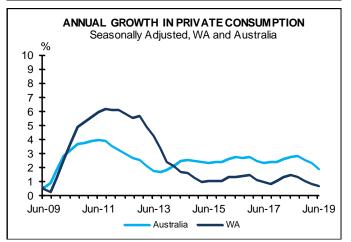
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) increased by 0.8% in the June quarter. In annual average terms<sup>1</sup> SFD fell by 1.1%.
- Business investment increased by 5.7% in the June quarter, but has declined by -8.7% in annual average terms. Public investment increased by 3.1% in the June quarter, and has increased by 0.7% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment declined by 3.4% in the June quarter, and has decreased by 3.9% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.3% in the June quarter, and rose by 0.7% in annual average terms. Public consumption decreased by 0.9% in the June quarter, and rose by 2.0% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports<sup>2</sup> rose by 4.5% in the June quarter, and increased by 0.8% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports are not published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

### Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand grew by 0.3% in the June quarter, and by 1.7% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.5% in the quarter, and by 2.0% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Tasmania recorded the largest increase in SFD (4.1%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-15.6%).







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206). However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22).

June 2019									
	<u>Western Australia (%)</u>				<u>Australia (%)</u>				
	Seasonally Adjusted		Trend		Seasonally Adjusted		Trend		
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	
Private Consumption	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.4	1.9	0.3	1.9	
Business Investment	5.7	-8.7	-0.3	-9.0	-0.9	-1.0	0.0	-1.0	
Dwelling Investment	-3.4	-3.9	-4.2	-3.6	-4.4	-0.4	-3.2	-0.5	
Government Consumption	-0.9	2.0	0.4	1.7	2.7	4.5	1.5	4.3	
Government Investment	3.1	0.7	0.3	0.3	-2.3	2.9	-0.8	3.6	
Final Demand	0.8	-1.1	-0.1	-1.2	0.3	1.7	0.2	1.7	
Exports <sup>1</sup>	4.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	1.4	3.5	1.1	3.6	
Imports <sup>1</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	-1.3	-0.1	-0.5	0.3	
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.5	2.0	0.4	2.0	



# **State/Domestic Final Demand, September 2019**

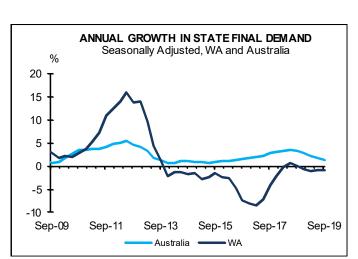
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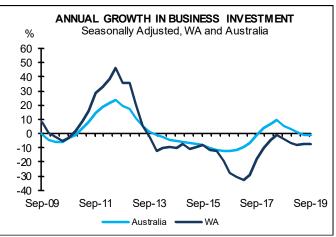
### Western Australia

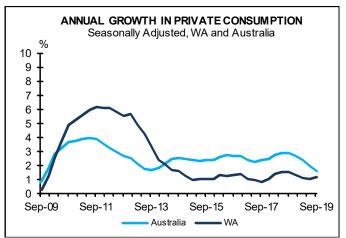
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) fell by 0.2% in the September quarter. In annual average terms<sup>1</sup> SFD fell by 0.8%.
- Business investment decreased by 4.5% in the September quarter, and has declined by 7.6% in annual average terms. Public investment increased by 4.1% in the September quarter, but has decreased by 0.4% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment grew by 0.3% in the September quarter, but has decreased by 6.2% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.1% in the September quarter and rose by 1.2% in annual average terms. Public consumption grew by 4.1% in the September quarter, and rose by 2.0% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports<sup>2</sup> rose by 6.0% in the September quarter, and increased by 1.6% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports do not have a historical series published by the ABS to protect commercial confidentiality.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

## Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand grew by 0.2% in the September quarter, and by 1.3% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.4% in the quarter, and by 1.8% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Tasmania recorded the largest increase in SFD (3.9%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-13%).







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State level merchandise exports and imports data are no longer published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in the National Accounts (Cat 5206). However, a trade series is published in ABS Cat.5302 Balance of Payments and International Investment Position, Australia (Tables 21 and 22).

September 2019									
	<u>Western Australia (%)</u>				<u>Australia (%)</u>				
	Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	
Private Consumption	0.1	1.2	0.3	1.1	0.1	1.6	0.2	1.6	
Business Investment	-4.5	-7.6	1.6	-6.3	-0.9	-0.7	-0.6	-1.2	
Dwelling Investment	0.3	-6.2	-1.8	-6.8	-1.7	-4.2	-2.3	-3.9	
Government Consumption	1.6	2.0	0.4	1.8	0.9	4.9	1.4	4.9	
Government Investment	4.1	-0.4	0.8	-1.0	1.9	0.7	0.6	1.4	
Final Demand	-0.2	-0.8	0.4	-0.6	0.2	1.3	0.3	1.3	
Exports <sup>1</sup>	5.7	1.6	2.1	2.4	0.7	3.8	1.0	3.7	
Imports <sup>1</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	-0.2	-0.7	-0.6	-0.8	
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.4	1.8	0.5	1.8	



# **State/Domestic Final Demand, December 2019**

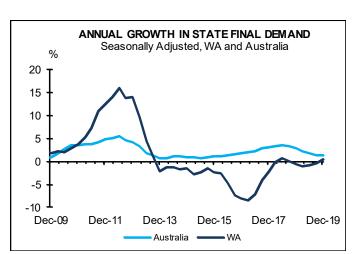
# **Key Facts**

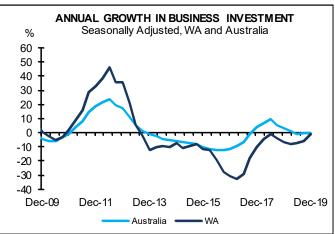
### Western Australia

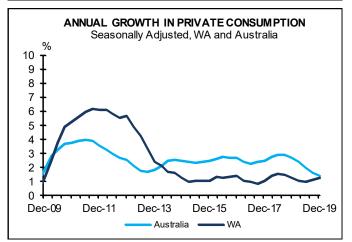
- Western Australia's State Final Demand (SFD) fell by 0.2% in the December quarter. In annual average terms<sup>1</sup> SFD grew by 0.4%.
- Business investment decreased by 0.6% in the December quarter, and has declined by 1.3% in annual average terms. Public investment fell by 1.6% in the December quarter, but grew by 1.2% in annual average terms.
- Dwelling investment contracted by 6.4% in the December quarter and by 11.3% in annual average terms.
- Private consumption increased by 0.5% in the December quarter and rose by 1.2% in annual average terms. Public consumption fell by 0.6% in the December quarter, but rose by 2.8% in annual average terms.
- Merchandise exports<sup>2</sup> fell by 3.8% in the December quarter, and increased by 0.1% in annual average terms. Merchandise imports fell by 2.5% in the December quarter.
- Exports and imports are components of Gross State Product (which is not published in this release), and do not impact SFD.

## Australia and other jurisdictions

- Nationally, real seasonally adjusted domestic demand grew by 0.1% in the December quarter, and by 1.2% in annual average terms.
- Australian Gross Domestic Product increased by 0.5% in the quarter, and by 1.8% in annual average terms.
- In annual average terms, Tasmania recorded the largest increase in SFD (3.4%) while the Northern Territory experienced the weakest SFD result (-10.3%).







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All annual growth rates referred to in this note are in annual average terms (which compare the sum of the latest four quarters of data to the sum of the previous four quarters) as opposed to year-ended terms (which compare the latest quarter of data to the same quarter a year earlier). The annual average growth measure is consistent with forecast growth published in the budget and related papers.

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December 2019

	<u>Western Australia (%)</u>				<u>Australia (%)</u>			
	Seasonally Adjusted		<u>Trend</u>		Seasonally Adjusted		Trend	
	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter	Year
Private Consumption	0.5	1.2	0.3	1.2	0.4	1.4	0.3	1.4
Business Investment	-0.6	-1.3	3.4	-2.5	-1.7	-0.6	-0.4	-1.0
Dwelling Investment	-6.4	-11.3	-4.9	-9.5	-3.4	-7.1	-2.4	-7.0
Government Consumption	-0.6	2.8	1.8	2.4	0.7	5.2	0.9	5.4
Government Investment	-1.6	1.2	2.4	0.8	-0.4	2.5	3.1	1.9
Final Demand	-0.2	0.4	1.2	0.2	0.1	1.2	0.5	1.2
Exports <sup>1</sup>	-3.7	0.2	0.2	1.7	0.0	3.2	-0.2	3.4
Imports <sup>1</sup>	-2.5	n.a.	0.9	n.a.	-0.5	-1.2	0.0	-1.4
Gross Domestic Product	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.5	1.8	0.6	1.8