Attempt to pervert the course of justice

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and conspire to defeat justice

ss 143 and 135 Criminal Code

From 1 January 2014

Transitional Sentencing Provisions: Each of the two tables is divided into thirds based on the three relevant periods of Sentencing Provisions:

- Post-transitional provisions period (after 14/01/09)
- Transitional provisions period (31/08/03 to 14/01/09)
- Pre-transitional provisions period (before 31/08/03)

These periods are separated by a row which shows when the transitional provisions were enacted, and another showing when they were repealed.

Glossary:

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No.	Case	Antecedents	Summary/Facts	Sentence	Appeal
7.	Debono v The	35 yrs at time sentencing.	Ct 1: Unlawful damage.	Ct 1: 6 mths imp (conc).	Appeal allowed
	State of Western		Ct 2: Agg burg (commercial).	Ct 2: 12 mths imp	(backdating of sentence).
	Australia	Convicted after late PG	Ct 3: Agg burg (commercial).	(cum).	(
		(12.5% discount).	Ct 4: Stealing.	Ct 3: 18 mths imp	Appeal concerned error in
	[2019] WASCA		Ct 5: Burglary.	(cum).	backdating and totality.
	193	Long and significant	Ct 6: Stealing.	Ct 4: No punishment.	
		criminal history.	Ct 7: Att PCJ.	Ct 5: 18 mths imp	Re-sentenced same terms
	Delivered			(conc).	of imp. EFP.
	29/11/2019	Two young children, one in	Cts 1 & 2	Ct 6: No punishment.	
	2)/11/201/	care; one residing with	In the early hrs of the morning Debono, in company	Ct 7: 6 mths imp (cum).	Sentence backdated 189
		mother; no current contact	with a juvenile co-accused, used a brick to smash	et /: o mais imp (cum):	days.
		with his children.	the window of a drive-through fast-food restaurant.	TES 3 yrs imp.	aujoi
		with his children.	A short time later they both entered the premises	EFP.	At [33] the information
		Victim of stabbing 2010;	through the smashed window. They rummaged		provided to the sentencin
		not employed since; on	around the office before leaving empty handed.	Participation in drug and	judge was in error. The
		disability support pension.	around the office before reaving empty handed.	alcohol rehabilitation;	appellant has spent 189
		disability support pension.	Cts 3 & 4	some commitment	days in custody on remar
		Victim of sexual assault	The same morning Debono and the juvenile co-	shown to turn his life	which were available to b
		diagnosed with PTSD.	accused attended a shopping centre. They gained	around.	taken into account
		diagnosed with 115D.	entry to the centre by using a hammer to smash a	around.	taken into account
		Methyl and cannabis use	window. Inside they smashed holes in the display		At [38] In backdating the
		from aged 17 yrs; abstained	window of a jewellery shop, removing 159 watches		appellant's sentences, [th
		from illicit drug use 2 1 ¹ / ₂	valued at \$46,888.		sentencing judge] took
		yrs ; relapse attributed to	valueu at \$40,000.		account of only 172 days
		relationship difficulties and	Cts 5 & 6		of the available 189 days
		loss of custody of then 3 yr-	Several days later Debono returned to the shopping		the appellant did not
		old son.	centre the subject of cts 3 and 4. Removing the		receive credit for 17 days
			protective plastic covering the previously broken		which he had spent in
			window he entered the premises. Inside he used a		custody on remand
					custody on remand
			hammer to smash the display window of another jewellery store. He then stole 52 watches valued at		At [56] While the
			\$17,089.		
		CAU.	\$17,009.		appellant's progress towards rehabilitation is

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	Later the same day Debono was arrested at his	x	significant mitigating
	home. The majority of the watches from the two		factor, the seriousness of
	jewellery stores were recovered.		the appellant's offending
			must not be overlooked.
	<u>Ct 7</u>		Each of the burglary
	While on remand in custody Debono made several		offences committed was
	phone calls. On two occasions he spoke to his co-		serious. Each involved a
	offender and offered to pay him \$5,000 - \$10,000 to		degree of planning and
	say he had nothing to do with the burglaries and to	-	premeditation. The
	prepare a false affidavit in relation to the offences.		offences were
			committed in company
	At the time of committing these offences Debono		with a juvenile offender.
	was on bail for additional offending, for which he		The burglary on [the
	was sentenced to terms of imp in the District and		jewellery stores] were
	Magistrates Courts.		committed on separate
	XY		occasions and involved the
			theft of a substantial
			quantity of watches of
			considerable value All of these offences were
	× O [×]		committed while on
			bail.
			Dall.
			At [57] The facts and
			circumstances of ct 7 are
	× ×		also serious Again, the
			offence shows persistence.
			orrence snows persistence.
	A Contraction of the second se		At [62] the individual
c N			sentences and the TES
			imposed appropriately
			reflect all relevant
			sentencing considerations
			Some accumulation of
			the sentences is appropriate
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					to reflect that the burglary offences occurred on
					separate days and the
					separate nature of the
					appellant's att to pervert
					the course of justice.
6.	Gillespie v The	32 yrs at time sentencing.	Ind	Ind	Dismissed.
	State of Western		1 x Att to PCJ.	12 mths imp.	
	Australia	Early PG (25% discount).			Appellant challenged
			Section 32 Notice	Section 32 Notice	length of sentence.
	[2016] WASCA	Prior criminal history,	2 x Agg AOBH.	1 x Agg AOBH: 2 yrs	
	216	including offences of	5 x Agg common assault.	imp (cum).	At [49] The appellant's
		violence and against police	1 x Poss prohibited drug.	1 x .	offence was not a
	Delivered	orders and VROs.	2 x Poss drug paraphernalia.	3 x Agg common	momentary aberration.
	08/12/2016			assault: 3 mths imp each	There was a degree of
		Dysfunctional childhood;	The offending involved three distinct episodes,	ct (conc).	planning in that he wrote a
		witnessed domestic	over a period of about nine months.	2 x Agg common	detailed note of what he
		violence; violent abusive		assault: 6 mths imp each	wanted the complainant to
		father.	Gillespie and the complainant were in a	ct (conc).	sign. Moreover, it came
			relationship.	1 x Poss prohibited	after a series of telephone
		Educated to yr 9.		drug: 1 mth imp (conc).	conversations in which the
			The complainant was 21 weeks pregnant when	2 x Poss drug	appellant made repeated
		Three prior relationships;	Gillespie found messages on her phone, leading	paraphernalia: 1 mth	attempts to cajole the
		all involved substance	him to believe she was being unfaithful. He	imp each ct (conc).	complainant into
		abuse and domestic	punched her in the face, climbed on top of her and	Agg AOBH: 12 mths	withdrawing her
		violence.	grabbed hold of her shirt and bra. During the	imp (cum).	complaint.
			struggle she injured her shoulder. Gillespie also		
		Stable employment history.	punched her so that her head hit a tiled wall,	Agg AOBH offences	At [52] the second
		C X Y	causing her to slide to the floor. He then pulled out	cum with each other and	offence occurred six
		X	clumps of hair as he lifted her up by the hair. He	att to PCJ.	months after the first set of
			struck her with an object and grabbed her by the throat until she lost consciousness.	TES 4 yes imp	assaults while the appellant
		O	unoat unun she lost consciousness.	TES 4 yrs imp.	was on bail, and given the serious nature of the
			After cleaning for a time Cillegrie awake and	High right of reaffording	second offence of assault
			After sleeping for a time Gillespie awoke and struck the complainant in the nose with the back of	High risk of reoffending in a similar manner.	
			struck the complatinant in the nose with the back of	in a sinniar manner.	OBH, it was well open to
		XY			
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			his hand.		the sentencing judge to
			ins hand.	, OSECULIE	determine that a sentence
			Police attended and located cannabis and two		of 12 mths should be
			smoking implements in the house.	\mathbf{C}	served cum on the other
			smoking implements in the nouse.		sentences, and that a TES
			On another occasion Gillespie threw two washing		of 4 yrs was appropriate.
			baskets at the complainant, causing her to fall.		of 4 yrs was appropriate.
			Pinning her down with the legs of a chair, he		
			threatening to put the chair through her head before		
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			hitting her several times to the face and body.		
			When in custody Gillespie called the complainant		
			and during a prison visit gave her a note telling her		
			to withdraw the charges, saying she had falsified		
			the allegations against him. The note provided the		
			wording of a letter she was to write and to sign in		
			the presence of a JP.		
5.	Hopes v The	27 yrs at time sentencing.	1 x Conspire to defeat justice.	21 mths imp.	Dismissed – on papers.
	State of Western		A C		
	Australia	Criminal history.	When the appellant found out that Solciansky had	Sentencing judge found	At [16] the appellant's
			been charged with criminal damage, he became	that the appellant	sentence is broadly
	[2015] WASCA	Complete high school at yr	concerned that his friend, who had signed a \$50,000	originated and	consistent with sentences
	172	10; commenced four yr	surety undertaking for Solciansky, would lose his	formulated the plan and	customarily imposed for
		engineering apprenticeship;	money.	recruited Geldart to	offences of the type
	Delivered	opened engineering		implement it and that	committed by the
	02/09/2015	business with his father.	An agreement was reached between the appellant	the appellant had	appellant and is well
			and Geldart that Geldart would falsely take the	influence over both	within the range of a sound
		Member of Comancheros	blame for Solciansky in relation to the criminal	Geldart and Solciansky.	exercise of the sentencing
		Motor Cycle Gang.	damage charge. The appellant telephoned		discretion.
		CV	Solciansky and said he was going to drag Geldart to		
			the cop shop to take the blame.		
			Pursuant to that agreement, Geldart met with his		
			lawyer and the lawyer drafted a witness statement		
			and letter to the effect that Geldart was the person		
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			who poured paint over the car belonging to the complainant. A copy of that draft letter was located by police at Geldart's house.	cuttle	
			Geldart was prepared to plead guilty to the criminal damage charge right up to trial.		
4.	Crugnale v The State of Western Australia	53 yrs at time sentencing. Convicted after PG.	Ct 1: Att to PCJ. Ct 2: Att to PCJ.	Ct 1: 18 mths imp. Ct 2: 6 mths imp (cum).	Dismissed – on papers. At [49] While there is no
			<u>Ct 1</u> The appellant tendered to the Court, a letter,	TES 2 yrs imp.	tariff for the offence, the individual sentences
	[2015] WASCA 147	Criminal history, including convictions for driving offences and entering into a	purportedly written and signed by her employer, in support of her application for an extraordinary	EFP.	imposed upon the appellan were within the range of
	Delivered 28/07/2015	false bail undertaking.	driver's licence. The appellant's application was successful.	Sentencing judge observed that each	sentences customarily imposed.
		Good relationship with parents and siblings; father	<u>Ct 2</u>	offence was premeditated and	At [50] When weighed
		has dementia.	The appellant subsequently drove on an occasion in contravention of the conditions of the extraordinary	planned; offending took place on two separate	against the seriousness of the offences, the PG, along
		Has a Bachelor of Education; previously	driver's licence. In defence to this charge, the appellant tendered to the Court, another letter,	occasions and was aimed at avoiding	with the other mitigating factors, including the
		worked as a teacher; runs her own cleaning business;	purportedly written and signed by her employer.	different consequences.	appellant's health problems and her good
		made positive contributions to Exmouth community.	The police were suspicious of the letter and, after making inquiries, discovered its falsity. A search of		works in the community, do not justify the
		Neck and back problems; broken leg; awaiting	one of the appellant's workplaces revealed drafts and unsigned copies of the letters. The appellant admitted the offences in the VROI.		imposition of susp terms o imp.
		surgery.			At [51]the TES of 2 yrs imm imp was, having regard to all of the circumstances of the case, unreasonable or unjust.
3.	Harvey v The State of Western	41 yrs at time sentencing.	Ct 1: Poss LSD wiss 34 tabs. Ct 2: Poss methyl wiss 59.7g of 60% purity.	Ct 1: 12 mths imp (conc).	Dismissed – on papers.
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	Australia	Convicted after trial.	Ct 3: Poss methyl wiss 11g.	Ct 2: 4 yrs 10 mths imp.	At [32] the appellant
			Ct 4: Att to PCJ.	Ct 3: 2 yrs 6 mths imp	was engaged in drug
	[2015] WASCA	Significant criminal history,		(conc.)	dealing, primarily for
	146	including convictions for	<u>Cts 1-2</u>	Ct 4: 2 yrs 6 mths imp	profitIt is clear that the
		supplying methyl and	Police executed a search warrant at the appellant's	(cum).	appellant intended to cut
	Delivered	dishonesty offences.	home and found 34 LSD tabs, a clipseal bag		the larger quantity of
	28/07/2015		containing 47.5g of methyl at 60% purity and 11	TES 7 yrs 4 mths imp.	methyl. Many of the
		Three adult children.	clipseal bags containing a total of approx. 12g of		typical accoutrements of a
			methyl.	EFP.	commercial drug dealer
		History of using illicit			were present. The smaller
		substances.	Police also found electronic scales with a	Sentencing judge noted	quantities of methyl were
			calculator, empty clipseal bags, a taser gun, 22g of	the purity of the 47.5g	already packaged for sale
		History of depression;	cutting agent, CCTV security system, several	of methyl and found that	or supply.
		normal at time sentencing.	mobile phones with text messages about purchasing	appellant must have	
			and sourcing drugs and tick lists.	been reasonably close to	At [33] The commission of
		Poor emotional and stress		a source of the methyl.	ct 3 shows that the
		resilience skills.	$\frac{\text{Ct 3}}{Equation for the latent and line equation of the second s$	Santan sin a in daa farm d	appellant was a persistent and determined dealer in
		On hail at time offen din a	Four months later, police executed another search warrant at the appellant's home and found three	Sentencing judge found	drugs, thus underscoring
		On bail at time offending for ct 3.	clipseal bags containing a total of 11g of methyl.	that the appellant intended to cut the large	the need for personal
		10r ct 5.	cupsear bags containing a totar of 11g of methyl.	quantity of methyl;	deterrence.
			<u>Ct 4</u>	appellant was a user of	deterrence.
			After ct 3, the appellant was refused bail. For the	methyl and was selling	At [36] The learned
			purpose of persuading a court to release her on bail,	drugs to make money.	sentencing judge was
			the appellant submitted to the Magistrates Court a	drugs to make money.	correct to impose a
			letter prepared with her daughter N's name on it		substantial and wholly cum
			stating that the drugs were 'possibly hers'. The		term of imp for the offence
			letter was untrue, unsigned and had not been		of att to PCJ. That
			prepared by N. Bail was refused.		offending was separate
		C VY			from, and of a different
			The appellant then emotionally and financially		nature to her drug offences.
		O Y	pressured her daughter L to swear a false statutory		C
			declaration taking responsibility for the drugs. L		
			was 17 yrs old and had substance and mental health		
			issues. The appellant also offered L rewards. The		
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			false statutory declaration was tendered to the	X	
			Magistrates Court and the appellant was released on	A VY	
			bail.		
2.	Tasovac v The	39 yrs at time of	1 x Att to PCJ.	3 yrs imp.	Dismissed.
	State of Western	sentencing.			
	Australia		Sister of appellant was convicted of stealing	EFP.	At [122] The trial judge
		Convicted after trial.	equestrian equipment. Appellant later persuaded a		found that the offence was
	[2015] WASCA		friend to have the friend's 14 yr old daughter admit		premeditated, that the
	24	No previous convictions.	the theft.	<i>Y</i>	deception had occurred
		*			over nearly 2 years and
	Delivered	Appellant was a qualified	The intent was to exculpate the sister of the		that it had caused the
	05/02/2015	veterinarian. Since about	appellant, while resulting in no more than a juvenile		diversion of police
		the time of the offence in	caution for the daughter.		resources and created false
		2010, she had owned a			public records.
		veterinarian clinic which	The appellant was a veterinarian. The friend was a		T and a second se
		employed 4 people.	nurse working at the same veterinarian hospital.		At [124] The sentencing
		I J I I I I I			judge characterised the
		The appellant was in good	The appellant supplied equestrian equipment to the		appellant's offending as far
		physical and mental health.	daughter which was the same or similar to that		more serious than that of
			stolen in the original offence. This was used to		the friend. The appellant's
			support the daughter's false admission. The		deception involved the
			appellant also provided background detail for the		police, a witness and the
			daughter to use in the deception. Eventually, the		court.
			daughter received a juvenile caution for stealing.		coult
			dudghet received a javenne caution for stearing.		At [135] The trial judge's
			In due course, the friend and her daughter confessed		assessment that the actions
			their subterfuge to the Police. The appellant swore		of the appellant were in the
			an affidavit, effectively claiming her innocence.		upper range of offending
			an arritativit, effectively claiming her hinocence.		of this type is correct.
		C XY	The friend was convicted on PG of conspiracy to		Penalties imposed in other
		X	PCJ and received 18 mths imp susp for 18 mths.		cases for offences of this
			She was sentenced on the basis that she had been		nature have to be assessed
			prevailed upon by the appellant, had eventually		
					in that light. The
			cooperated with police and had given a signed		appellant's sentence of
			undertaking to give evidence in the appellant's trial.		three years imprisonment

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			The friend did give evidence at the appellant's trial.	Secult	after trial with no mitigation beyond prior good character is well within the customary range.
			3	x05	At [138] The differences between the appellant and the friend were <i>'sufficient</i> <i>to justify the disparity in</i>
					the sentences imposed'
1.	Spence v The State of Western	38 yrs at time sentencing.	Ct 1: GBH. Ct 2: Att to PCJ.	Ct 1: 3 yrs 6 mths imp. Ct 2: 3 yrs imp (cum).	Allowed.
	Australia	Convicted after trial.		r (in)	Re-sentenced to 2 yrs imp
	[2014] WASCA	Criminal record including	On the evening of the incident the appellant was managing the club. In the early hours of the	TES 6 yrs 6 mths imp.	in Ct 2 (cum).
	[2014] WASCA 171	one common assault.	morning the victim was at the nightclub with two companions. A brawl ensured when security	EFP.	TES 5 yrs 6 mths imp.
	Delivered 05/09/2014	Married now separated; four children.	attempted to remove the victim's companions from the club.	Remorse.	At [52] The offending wa of very short duration and involved no planning or
		Completed year 12 and Bachelor of Business; partially completed	The victim approached the brawl and attempted to pull a bouncer off one of his friends. The appellant punched the victim to the left side of his head. The		sophistication. As serious as offences of this nature are, this was a less serious
		Bachelor of Engineering.	punch caused the victim to fall, striking the back left hand side of his head on the step of a 4WD.		example of its type.
		Employed as an accountant;			At [53] That sentence did
		then part owner and manager of the nightclub.	The victim sustained a severe traumatic brain injury that required urgent surgery.		not properly reflect the relative seriousness of the offence and the personal
		Positive references.	Following the incident the appellant sought to deflect the police investigation by arranging for the		circumstances of the appellant.
		Positive steps towards rehabilitation.	security cameras to be switched, concealing his role in the assault and advising employees not to speak to police.		

	Letter to sentencing judge		X	
	expressing his regret.			
	Tra	ansitional Provisions Repealed (14/01/2009)	e Con	
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	Tr	ransitional Provisions Enacted (31/08/2003)		
	Maximum penalty fo	for attempt PCJ increased from 2 yrs to 7 yrs	imp (16/12/1987)	
	ethe	incont		
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