



September 2018

Metropolitan Region Scheme Amendment 1343/57 (Minor Amendment)



South East and South West Districts Omnibus 3

Amendment Report

City of Armadale, Cockburn, Gosnells, Kwinana and Rockingham and the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale

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The Metropolitan Region Scheme What it is and how it is amended - minor

Planning Perth's future

Perth is currently home to more than 2 million people and this is anticipated to grow to 3.5 million by 2050.

To meet this growth, land must be identified for future housing, employment opportunities, transport, conservation and recreation.

The Metropolitan Region Scheme (MRS) provides for this by defining what land can be used for. It is also the means by which landowners can be compensated for land acquired for public purposes.

The role of the WAPC?

The Western Australian Planning Commission (WAPC) has statewide responsibility for planning how land in metropolitan and regional areas can be used and developed. The WAPC comprises a Chair and 16 members, representing industry, government and the community.

The WAPC is a statutory authority and operates in accordance with the *Planning and Development Act 2005*. It is supported by the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage, which provides professional and technical expertise, administrative services and corporate resources.

What is the Metropolitan Region Scheme?

The MRS is a large town planning scheme which defines how land can be used in the Perth metropolitan area, dividing it into broad zones and reservations. The metropolitan area stretches from south of Rockingham to north of Yanchep and east of Mundaring.

The MRS uses a set of maps and a scheme text to set the planning rules and identify the various zones and reservations.

This plan has been in operation since 1963 and provides the legal basis for planning in the Perth metropolitan area.

The MRS is amended frequently as the region grows and changes.

What is an amendment?

An amendment to the MRS changes the zoning or reservation of land to allow for a different land use.

When a rezoning or a new reservation is considered, it is classified as either a major or a minor amendment and is advertised to seek comment from landowners, the broader community and all levels of government. Under the Act, the process for proposed major and minor amendments is different.

This process allows for extensive community consultation and discussion in Parliament, prior to a final decision being made.

How is the Metropolitan Region Scheme amended?

The WAPC is responsible for maintaining the MRS, including reviewing and initiating changes where necessary.

The amendment process is regulated by the *Planning and Development Act 2005*. The Act requires an amendment to be consistent with both the *Swan River Trust Act 1988* and the *Heritage of Western Australia Act 1990* and does not allow for an amendment to occur within the defined area of which a redevelopment scheme applies.

The amendment proposed in this report is being made under the provisions of section 57 (often referred to as a minor amendment).

The minor amendment process includes (also see the diagram on page ix):

- Request submitted and considered by the WAPC.
- WAPC determines to either progress or reject application, classifying it as either a major or minor amendment.

- If progressed, the application is referred to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) to set the level of environmental assessment. If the EPA requires an environmental review, this is carried out before the amendment is advertised.
- Consent by the Minister for Planning to call for submissions.
- Proposed amendment is advertised for public comment. Advertisements are placed in local and statewide newspapers and the information is made available on www.planning.wa.gov.au/publiccomment. Landowners directly affected by a proposed amendment are contacted in writing. Where there is an environmental review, this is also made available for comment.
- WAPC receives public submissions over a period of 60 days.
- WAPC reviews the proposed amendment in light of both the submissions and planning advice provided by the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage.
- WAPC provides recommendation to the Minister for Planning whether to accept, reject or modify the proposed amendment.
- Minister considers proposed amendment.
- If approved, with or without modification, the amendment becomes legally effective in the MRS with the publishing of a notice in the Government Gazette. If declined, the amendment is discarded.
- Within three months of an MRS amendment being finalised, all affected local governments must initiate an amendment to its local planning scheme to match the new zonings.

Zones and reservations

Zones and reservations in the MRS are broad categories to define how land can be used and developed. The following descriptions are a guide only.

Zones

<u>Urban</u>: areas in which a range of activities are undertaken including residential, commercial, recreational and light industry.

<u>Urban deferred</u>: land identified for future urban uses following the extension of urban services, the progressive development of adjacent urban areas, and resolution of any environmental and planning requirements relating to development.

The WAPC must be satisfied that these issues have been addressed before rezoning to urban.

<u>Central city area</u>: strategic regional centres for major retail, commercial and office facilities as well as employment, civic, business and residential uses.

<u>Industrial</u> and <u>special industrial</u>: land on which manufacturing, processing, warehousing and related activities are undertaken.

<u>Rural</u>: land on which a range of agricultural, extractive and conservation uses is undertaken.

<u>Private recreation</u>: areas of significance to the region's recreation resource, which are (or are proposed to be) managed by the private sector.

<u>Rural - water protection</u>: rural land over public groundwater areas where land use is controlled to avoid contamination.

Reservations

Land reserved for community purposes. It may be reserved to protect a resource or to provide areas for infrastructure.

<u>Parks and recreation</u>: land of regional significance for ecological, recreation or landscape purposes.

Railways: provides for public transit routes, freight rail lines and associated facilities such as marshalling yards, maintenance depots and park n' ride stations.

<u>Port installations</u>: regional maritime shipping facilities.

State forests: areas of woodland located on Crown land and managed under the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984.

<u>Water catchments</u>: water sources protected for high quality public water supply. These areas have strict controls on land use to avoid pollution of the water resource.

<u>Civic and cultural</u>: significant civic precincts and buildings.

<u>Waterways</u>: permanent inland and coastal waters including many rivers and reservoirs.

<u>Public purposes</u>: land for public facilities such as hospitals, high schools, universities, prisons, utilities for electricity, water and treatment of wastewater, commonwealth government and other special uses.

<u>Primary regional roads</u>: important regionally significant roads as part of the planned road network that are currently, or proposed to be declared, under the *Main Roads Act 1930*.

Other regional roads: roads of regional significance in the planned road network for which the planning responsibilities are shared by the WAPC and local governments.

What if my land is rezoned?

Landowners may find that an amendment seeks to rezone their property, for example from rural to urban or urban deferred.

If the zoning is changed, landowners do not have to change their lifestyle or the way they use the land. However, depending on the new zone, there may be opportunities to change the land use, such as seek approval to subdivide or apply to develop it in some way that suits the new zoning.

The WAPC realises that many people choose their properties because they like them as they are and may not want to change from, for example, a rural-residential lifestyle to an urban area. Others are keen to change the land use.

For these reasons, amendments to the MRS are advertised so that all affected landowners and the broader community have time to examine the proposal and provide their comment.

What if my land is reserved?

Land is reserved because it will eventually be needed for a public purpose such as parks and recreation or other regional roads.

If your land is proposed to be reserved in an advertised amendment, you can continue to use and enjoy your property. Generally, reserved land can remain in private ownership until it is needed for the purpose for which it is reserved.

To protect landowners, there are procedures for acquisition or compensation by the WAPC. These are outlined in *Your Property and the planning system – region schemes*, a leaflet reproduced at the back of this report and online at www.planning.wa.gov.au/regionschemes.

How can my views be heard?

You can lodge a submission during the advertised period:

- online at www.planning.wa.gov.au/public-comment
- in writing to Western Australian Planning Commission, Level 2, 140 William Street, Perth 6000 (a submission form is included at the back of this report).

Publications

Amendments made to the MRS using the provisions of section 57 will in most cases have information published under the following titles:

Amendment report

This document is available from the start of the public submission period of the proposed amendment. It sets out the purpose and scope of the amendment, explains why the proposal is considered necessary, and informs people how they can comment.

Environmental review report

The EPA considers the environmental impact of an amendment to the MRS before it is advertised. Should the EPA require formal assessment, an environmental review is undertaken, and that information is made available for comment at the same time as the *Amendment Report*.

Report on submissions

This publication documents the planning rationale, determination of submissions received, and the recommendations for final approval of the amendment made by the WAPC.

Submissions

All written submissions received on the proposed amendment are reproduced as a public record.

A simple diagram of the amendment process.

Applicant would like to change the zoning or reservation of a piece of land and prepares a request accompanied by sufficient planning justification

WAPC receives a request to amend the MRS

WAPC considers the application and resolves to either reject or initiate the MRS amendment process

If process begins, application is referred to the EPA to determine level of environmental assessment

Environmental review prepared, if required by the EPA

WAPC submits to Minister for consent to advertise

Amendment advertised seeking public comment

WAPC reviews submissions and considers the planning merits of proposed amendment

Recommendation whether to accept, reject or change proposed amendment is provided to the Minister for Planning

Environmental conditions incorporated, if required

Minister for Planning considers the WAPC's recommendation

If approved, amendment is Gazetted and takes effect. MRS (and LPS, where appropriate) updated

Abbreviations

AHA Aboriginal Heritage Act
DC Development Control
DP Department of Planning

EPA Environmental Protection Authority

MRS Metropolitan Region Scheme

PCA Planning Control Area

SWALSC South West Aboriginal Land and Sea Council
WAPC Western Australian Planning Commission

Amendment Report

Metropolitan Region Scheme Amendment 1343/57

South East and South West Districts Omnibus 3

1 Purpose

The purpose of the amendment is to update various zones and reservations in the South East and South West Districts of the Perth Metropolitan Region Scheme (MRS) at the request of Government agencies, servicing authorities, local governments and landowners.

Proposals within the amendment include; small scale amendments to the region scheme which do not warrant consideration as individual amendments, the rationalisation of zones and reservations to match cadastral boundaries, updates to reflect infrastructure or buildings as constructed, and other general updates to ensure the MRS is kept up-to-date as the statutory regional plan for Perth.

The amendment contains 22 separate proposals in the Cities of Armadale, Cockburn, Gosnells, Kwinana and Rockingham and the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale.

2 Background

The amendment is part of a continuing program of omnibus amendments to the MRS which are utilised to progress groups of proposals of relatively less significance in a regional context rather than progressing the proposals as individual amendments.

3 Scope and content of the amendment

The amendment proposes the below modifications to the MRS.

CITY OF ARMADALE

PROPOSAL 1

Forrestdale: To transfer the Rural zoned portion of Lot 8 Armadale Road to the Parks and Recreation reservation (Figure 1).

The reservation of the battle-axe access leg of Lot 8 is consistent with the reservation of the remainder of the lot and its vesting in the City of Armadale for recreation purposes.

PROPOSAL 2

Roleystone / Karragullen: To transfer portions of road reserve adjacent to Reserve 47884 from the State Forest reservation to the Rural zone (Figure 2).

The State Forrest reservation of portion of road reserve adjacent to Reserve 47884 is anomalous as the surrounding land is either reserved for Parks and Recreation or Rural zoned. Road reserves in the MRS are generally zoned or reserved consistent with surrounding zones and reservations.

PROPOSAL 3

Roleystone: To transfer a portion of Lot 820 Old Coach Place Parks and Recreation reserve to Urban (Figure 3).

A portion of Lot 820 Old Coach Place, Roleystone is reserved for Parks and Recreation associated with the adjoining Banyowla Regional Park. This is an historic encroachment, which the WAPC has sold to the current owner of Lot 820.

PROPOSAL 4

Champion Lakes: To transfer Lot 801 Corfield Street from the Parks and Recreation reservation to the Public Purposes - Special Uses reservation (Figure 4).

The WAPC has resolved to transfer the northern portion of Lot 801 to the State of Western Australia for the creation of a Crown Reserve to enable the development of a local government depot for the City of Gosnells. The transfer of the Parks and Recreation portion of Lot 801 to the Public Purposes – Special Uses reservation is consistent with this proposed use.

The portion of Lot 801 south of Corfield Street is reserved for Public Purpose – Special Use and is contains the Swan Transit - Southern River Depot (owned by the Public Transport Authority).

PROPOSAL 5

Bedfordale: To transfer Lot 11 Godwit Retreat from the Parks and Recreation reservation to the Rural zone (Figure 5).

Lot 11 was reserved for Parks and Recreation through a drafting error in the finalisation of proposal A11 of MRS Amendment 978/33 – Darling Range Regional Park. Lot 11 was not intended to be reserved as a part of the amendment and this proposal will return the lot to its original Rural zoning.

CITY OF COCKBURN

PROPOSAL 6

Coogee: To transfer Lot former Lot 500, now part of Lot 1512 from Primary Regional Road to Urban (Figure 6).

Former Lot 500 has been amalgamated into the adjacent Lot 1512 in order to rectify an encroachment prior to the disposal of the property. The reservation from the portion of the former road needs to be removed. Lot 1512 is currently owned by the Commissioner of Main Roads and is also the Coogee Hotel and Post Office site on the State Heritage Register.

PROPOSAL 7

Beeliar: To transfer the Other Regional Roads reserved portion of Lot 9510 Barnong Lookout to the Urban zone (Figure 7).

The City of Cockburn advises that the identified portion of Other Regional Roads reserve is surplus to the requirements of the Beeliar Drive / Spearwood Avenue roundabout as constructed and should be transferred to the Urban zone.

PROPOSAL 8

Success: To transfer Reserve 49561 and the adjacent section of unmade road reserve at the southern end of Lot 9000 from the Urban Deferred zone to the Parks and Recreation reservation and the Bush Forever area designation (Figure 8).

R49561 is part of Beeliar Regional Park and is vested in the Conservation Commission of Western Australia, it is proposed to be transferred to the Parks and Recreation reservation and included in adjacent Bush Forever area 391 consistent with its identification for conservation purposes.

PROPOSAL 9

Cockburn Central: To transfer Poletti Road and adjacent road widening lots from the Urban and Industrial zones to the Other Regional Roads reservation (Figure 9).

Poletti Road has been identified as an Other Regional Road as a result of the development of the Cockburn Central Activity Centre and is to be reserved in the MRS for this purpose accordingly.

PROPOSAL 10

Cockburn Central: To transfer a portion of Lot 147 Hammond Road and a portion of the Hammond Road road reserve from the Other Regional Roads reservation to the Urban zone (Figure 10).

The City of Cockburn advises that the former location of the Hammond Road / Beeliar Drive intersection is no longer required to be reserved for Other Regional Roads purposes due to upgrade works which have relocated it to the east.

PROPOSAL 11

North Coogee: To transfer the Primary Regional Roads reserved portions of Lots 501 and 502 Kiesey Street to the Urban zone (Figure 11).

Main Roads WA advise that the identified portion of the Cockburn Road Primary Regional Roads reservation is not required and has been sold to a private landowner, it is to be transferred to the Urban zone accordingly.

CITY OF GOSNELLS

PROPOSAL 12

Gosnells: To transfer portions of Lot 4 and Lot 105 Albany Highway from the Urban zone to the Parks and Recreation Reservation (Figure 12).

Lots 4 and 105 are owned by the WAPC and have been approved for transfer to the City of Gosnells for inclusion in Centennial Park. Accordingly, it is proposed that the Urban zoned portions of the lots are reserved for Parks and Recreation.

PROPOSAL 13

Canning Vale / Southern River: To rationalise the Warton Road Other Regional Roads reservation (Figure 13).

To transfer portions of lots alongside Warton Road, Southern River, from the Other Regional Roads Reservation to the Urban zone and vice versa to reflect the cadastral boundaries of the Warton Road corridor.

CITY OF KWINANA

PROPOSAL 14

Wellard: To transfer a portion of Lot 545 Charing Cross from the Railways reservation to the Urban zone and to rationalise the Railways reservation and Urban zone adjacent to Lots 543 and 544 Chiswick Parade (Figure 14).

To rationalise the reservation of the Perth – Mandurah Railway line and zonings of adjacent lots consistent with cadastral boundaries.

PROPOSAL 15

Wellard: To transfer Urban zoned portions of Reserve 51792 to the Parks and Recreation reservation and to transfer Parks and Recreation reserved portions of adjacent lots 9002, 9003, 9026 and 8002 to the Urban zone (Figure 15).

To rationalise the zoning and reservation of the Lake Wellard Tramway Reserve and adjacent lots consistent with cadastral boundaries.

CITY OF ROCKINGHAM

PROPOSAL 16

Secret Harbour: To transfer Comet Bay College, Lot 2153 Allatoona Avenue, from the Urban zone to the Public Purposes - High School reservation (Figure 16).

The proposal area is the location of the Comet Bay High School and is to be reserved for Public Purposes – High School consistent with this use.

PROPOSAL 17

Baldivis: To transfer Lot 500 adjacent to the Kwinana Freeway from the Rural zone to the Parks and Recreation reservation and the addition of the Bush Forever designation and the Rural zoned portion of Lot 310 which contains the Kwinana Freeway to the Primary Regional Roads reservation (Figure 17).

Lot 500 is a remnant landlocked lot with no access and is most appropriately reserved for Parks and Recreation and included in Bush Forever area 419 for management as part of the adjacent reserve to the south. Lot 310 contains the Kwinana Freeway and the Rural zoned portion is to be transferred to the Primary Regional Roads reservation accordingly.

PROPOSAL 18

Port Kennedy / Baldivis: To transfer portions of various lots between the Rural zone and Railways, Primary Regional Roads, Other Regional Roads and Parks and Recreation reservations (Figure 18).

To rationalise various zonings and reservations to reflect Ennis Avenue (Primary Regional Roads), Mandurah Road (Other Regional Roads) and the Perth – Mandurah Railway (Railways) as constructed.

PROPOSAL 19

Baldivis: To transfer portions of various lots between the Rural zone and the Parks and Recreation reservation consistent with cadastral boundaries (Figure 19).

To align the Parks and Recreation Reservation of portions of the Stakehill Swamp reserve owned by the WAPC with the cadastral boundaries of various lots.

PROPOSAL 20

Karnup: Transfer Lot 181 adjacent to the Kwinana Freeway from the Rural zone to the Waterways and Parks and Recreation and reservations, and to include the Parks and Recreation reserved portion in the Bush Forever designation (Figure 20).

Lot 181 has no road access, as access is not permitted from the Kwinana Freeway, and is contiguous with a nature reserve running from the adjoining Yalbanberup Pool south along the Serpentine River. The proposal area is to be transferred to the Parks and Recreation and Waterways reservations and incorporated into the adjacent conservation reserve and Bush Forever area 394 managed by the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions.

PROPOSAL 21

Baldivis: To transfer Lot 821 Millar Road from the Rural zone to the Parks and Recreation reserve (Figure 21).

Lot 821 is 179m² parcel owned by WAPC and is a remnant parcel separated upon the creation of the adjoining Kulija Road (Lot 914 Plan 77252). It has no development potential and would be more appropriately managed in conjunction with adjoining Crown Land at Lot 1387 Plan 218497, Reserve 22429, Bush Forever Site 356.

SHIRE OF SERPENTINE-JARRAHDALE

PROPOSAL 22

Whitby: To transfer Reserve 50602 from the Public Purposes – Hospital reservation and Rural zone to the Public Purposes – Special Uses reservation (Figure 22).

Reserve 50602 is owned by the State of Western Australia and managed by the National Trust of Australia. Murdoch University entered into a forty-two year lease over the entirety of the site in 2013 in order to develop the site as an operational farm to support teaching and research needs in areas including environmental, animal and veterinary science. It is noted that the Whitby Falls Hostel located within the proposal area is on the State Heritage Register.

Murdoch University is seeking the transfer of Reserve 50602 to a Public Purposes – Special Uses designation to support the use of the site for educational, research and community purposes.

4 Aboriginal heritage

The Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972 (AHA) provides for the protection and preservation of Aboriginal heritage and culture throughout Western Australia, including places and objects that are of significance to Aboriginal people. Aboriginal sites and materials are protected whether or not they have been previously recorded or reported.

The process of rezoning or reservation of land in a region scheme is not in itself directly affected by the AHA. Proposed changes to land-use at MRS amendment stage are broad by nature and do not physically interfere with the land. Consideration of any protection that may be required is addressed more specifically at later stages of the planning process, typically being a local planning scheme amendment and when preparing a local structure plan.

Proponents of proposals are advised to familiarise themselves with the State's *Cultural Heritage Due Diligence Guidelines* (the Guidelines). These have been developed to assist proponents identify any risks to Aboriginal heritage and to mitigate risk where heritage sites may be present. The Guidelines are available electronically at https://www.daa.wa.gov.au/globalassets/pdf-files/ddg.

Nevertheless, in recognising the importance of having reliable Aboriginal information on land and the values attached to it, the WAPC and the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the South West Aboriginal Land and Sea Council (SWALSC) for the provision of Aboriginal consultative services. All MRS amendment proposals likely to be of interest to Aboriginal persons are now referred to SWALSC for comment before being released for public submission. SWALSC is the recognised Native Title Representative Body for Western Australia's south west region and as such is also well placed to provide advice on Aboriginal heritage.

This amendment was not referred to SWALSC as it was not expected to impact on Aboriginal heritage values. However, the amendment will be referred to SWALSC during the public advertising period.

5 Coordination of local and region scheme amendments

Under section 126(3) of the *Planning and Development Act 2005* local government have the option of recommending to the WAPC to concurrently rezone land that is being zoned Urban under the MRS to a "Development" zone (or similar) in its LPS.

The WAPC will consider the concurrent amendment of the subject land for proposals within this omnibus amendment at the time the amendment is considered for final approval.

6 Substantiality

The *Planning and Development Act 2005* allows for amendments to the MRS to be processed as either major or minor amendments depending on whether they are considered to constitute a substantial alteration to the MRS. WAPC Policy DC 1.9 *Amendment to Region Schemes* sets out the criteria for deciding whether the major or minor process should be followed.

The criteria outlined in DC 1.9 relate to a variety of matters, not all of which relate to every amendment. In this regard, the amendment is proposed to be processed as a minor amendment as the extent and nature of each proposal within the omnibus does not constitute a substantial or regional change to the planning philosophy of the MRS.

7 Sustainability appraisal

Due to the small scale of the proposals in this amendment, many have no significant sustainability impacts. Where proposals do have environmental, economic, social or other sustainability issues, these are discussed in the sections on each individual proposal.

8 Environmental Protection Authority advice

The proposed amendment was referred to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for advice on whether environmental assessment would be required.

The EPA has advised that the proposed amendment does not require formal assessment under Part IV of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*. A copy of the notice from the EPA is included at appendix A.

9 The amendment process

The procedures for amending the MRS are prescribed by the *Planning and Development Act* 2005. The amendment proposed in this report is being made under the provisions of section 57 of that Act.

In essence, the procedure for an amendment not constituting a substantial alteration to the MRS (often referred to as a minor amendment) involves:

- formulation of the amendment by the WAPC;
- referral to the EPA for environmental assessment;
- completion of an environmental review (if required) to EPA instructions;
- public submissions sought on the proposed amendment (including environmental review if required);
- consideration of submissions;
- approval, with or without any modifications in response to submissions, or decline to approve by the Minister; and
- the amendment takes legal effect with gazettal of the Minister's approval.

An explanation of this process entitled *The Metropolitan Region Scheme, what it is and how it is amended*, can also be found in the front of this report.

10 Submissions on the amendment

The WAPC invites people to comment on this proposed amendment to the MRS.

The amendment will be advertised for public submissions for a period of 60 days from Friday 21 September 2018 to Friday 23 November 2018.

Copies of the amendments are available for public inspection at the:

- i) Western Australian Planning Commission, 140 William Street, Perth
- ii) City of Armadale
 - City of Cockburn
 - City of Gosnells
 - City of Kwinana
 - City of Rockingham
 - Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale
- iii) State Reference Library, Northbridge.

Online submissions are encouraged via: www.planning.wa.gov.au/public-comment.

Written submissions commenting on the amendment should be sent to:-

The Secretary
Western Australian Planning Commission
Locked Bag 2506
PERTH WA 60010

or by email to:-

mrs@planning.wa.gov.au

and must be received by 5 pm Friday 23 November 2018.

All submissions received by the WAPC will be acknowledged.

For your convenience a submission form (form 57) is contained in this report (Appendix E). Additional copies of the form are available from the display locations and the PlanningWA website www.planning.wa.gov.au/public-comment.

You should be aware that calling for submissions is a public process and all submissions lodged will become public. All submissions are published and made available when the Minister has made a determination on the amendment. Advice of disclosure and access requirements are shown on side two of the submission form.

Before making your submission, it is recommended that you read the information in appendix D of this report regarding preparing a submission.

11 Modifications to the amendment

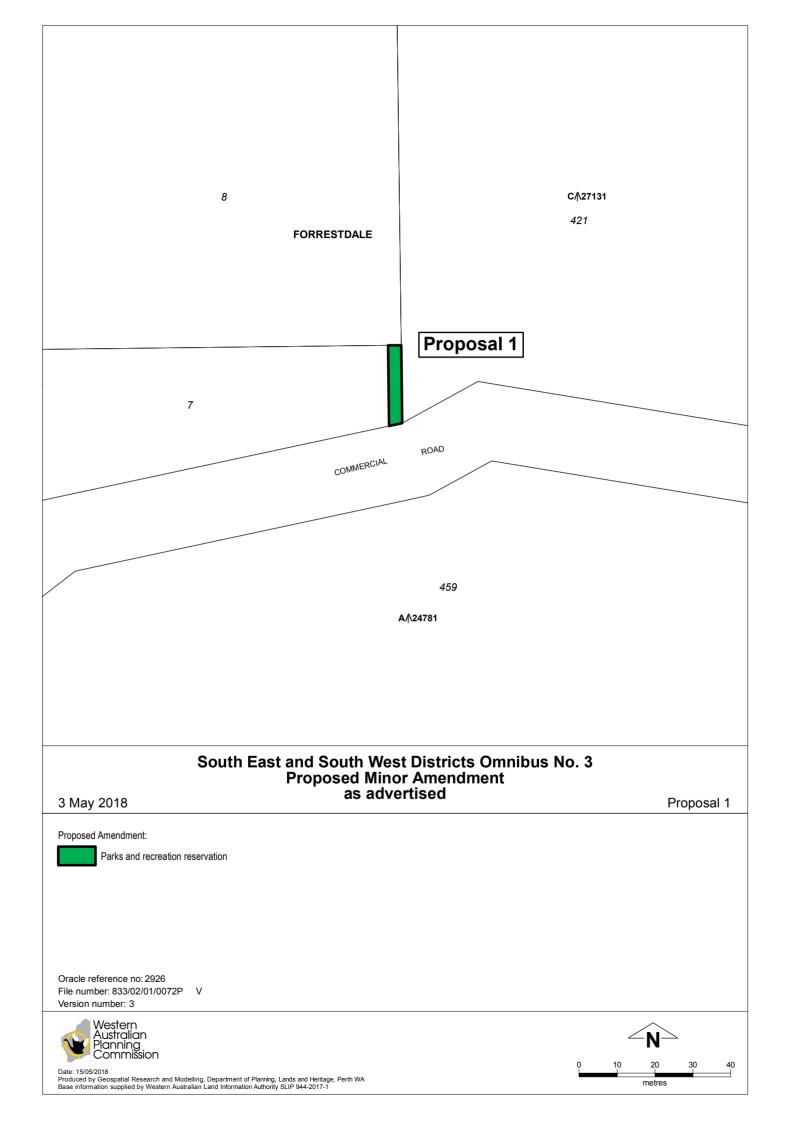
After considering any comments received from the public and government agencies, the WAPC may recommend that the Minister modify the amendment. The Minister may approve the amendment, with or without any modifications in response to submissions, or decline to approve.

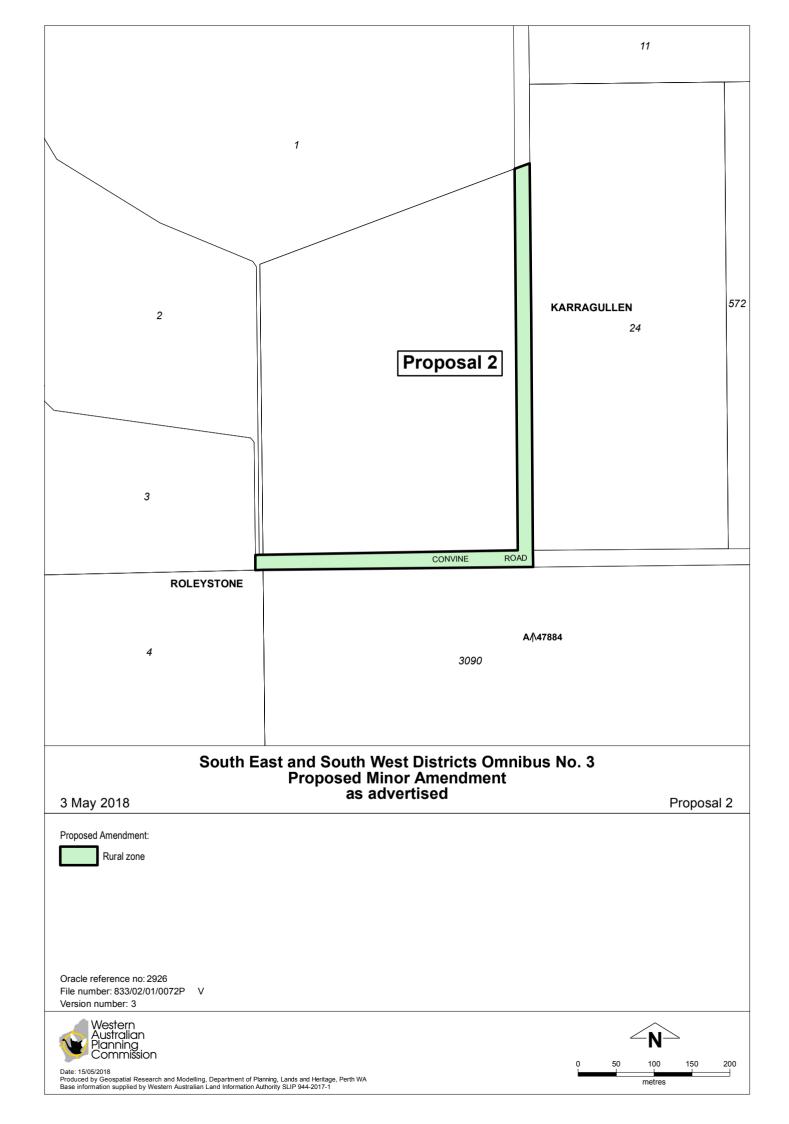
12 Final outcome

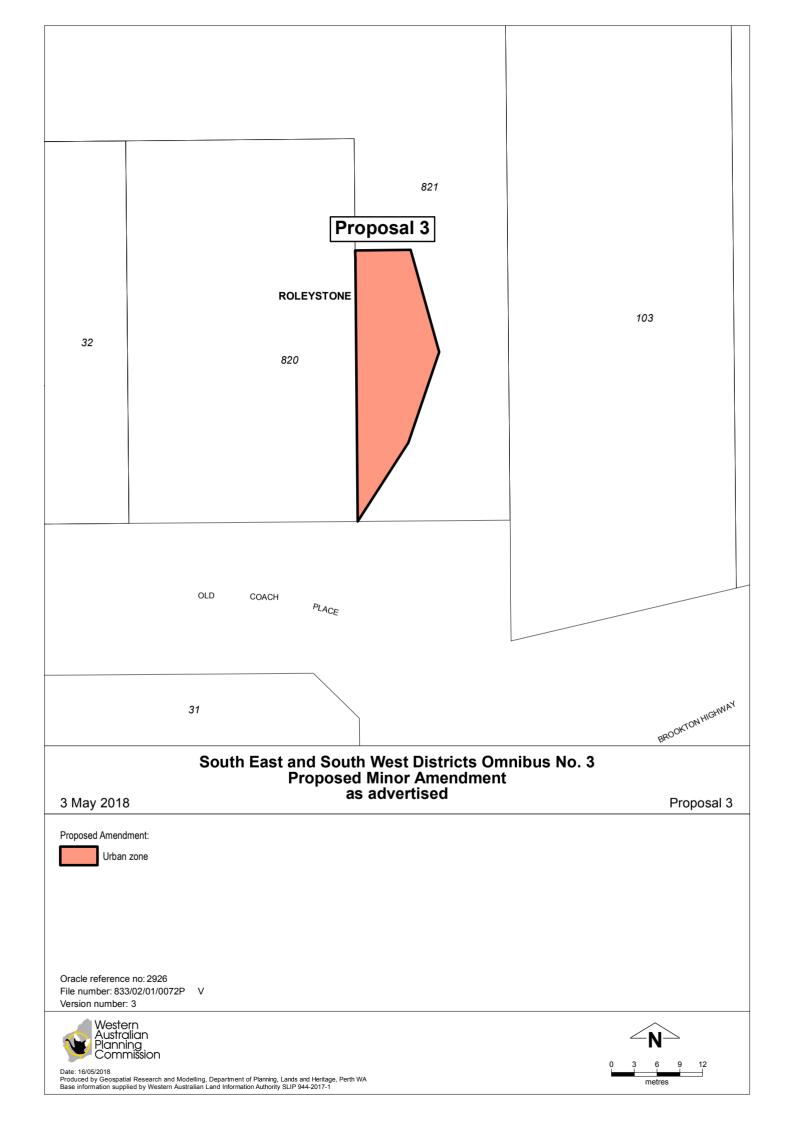
The recommendations of the WAPC, including any modifications, along with the determination of the Minister, are published in a report on submissions. Anyone who has made a submission, along with affected landowners, will be notified of the outcome when the amendment is gazetted to give it legal effect.

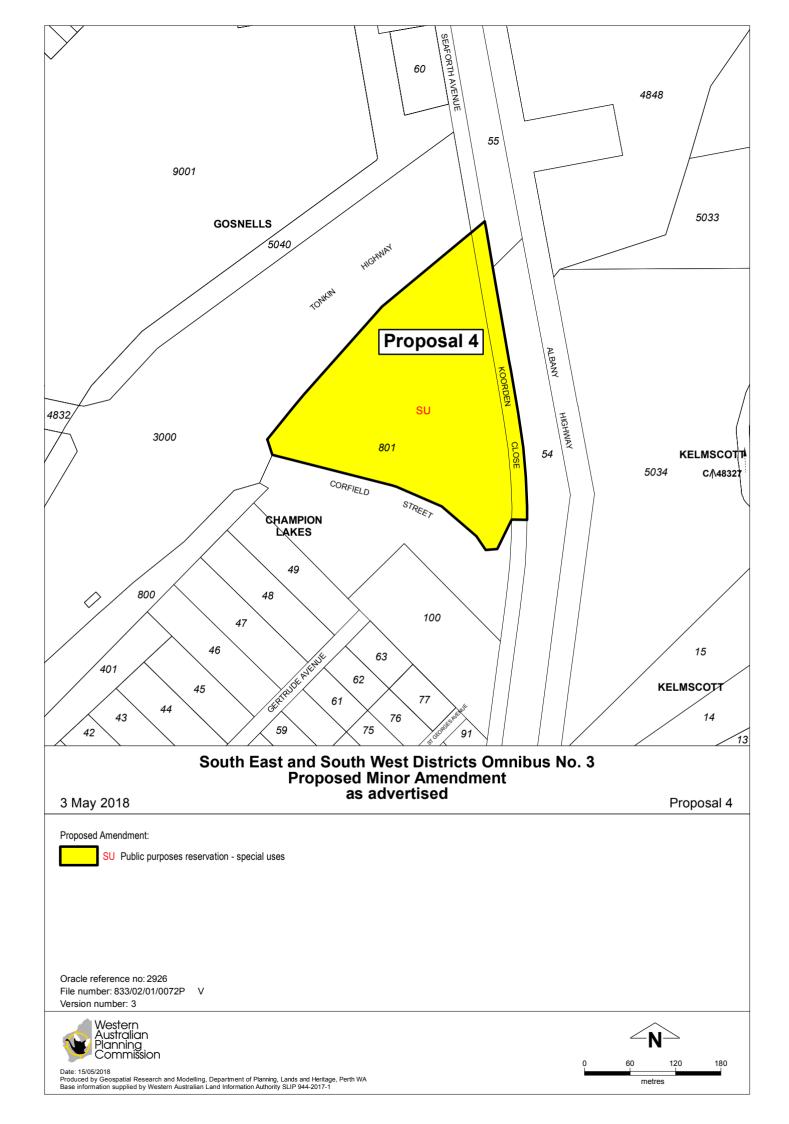
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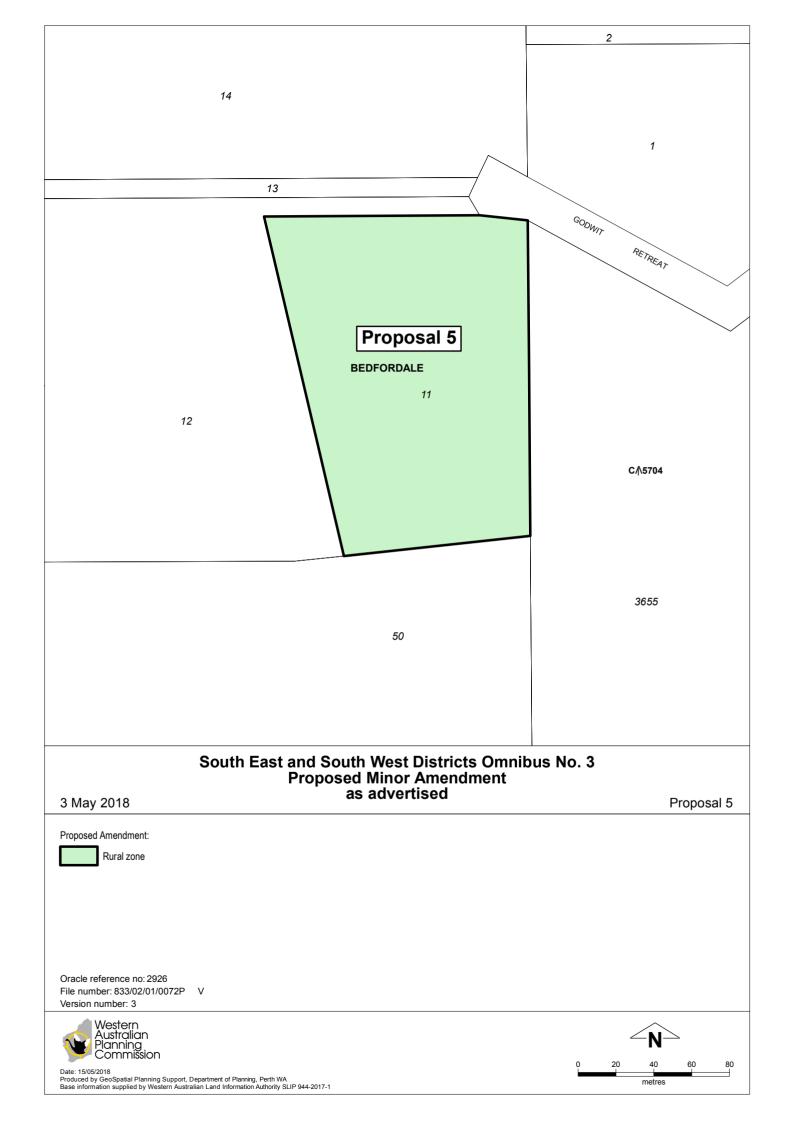
Amending Figures Proposals 1 - 22

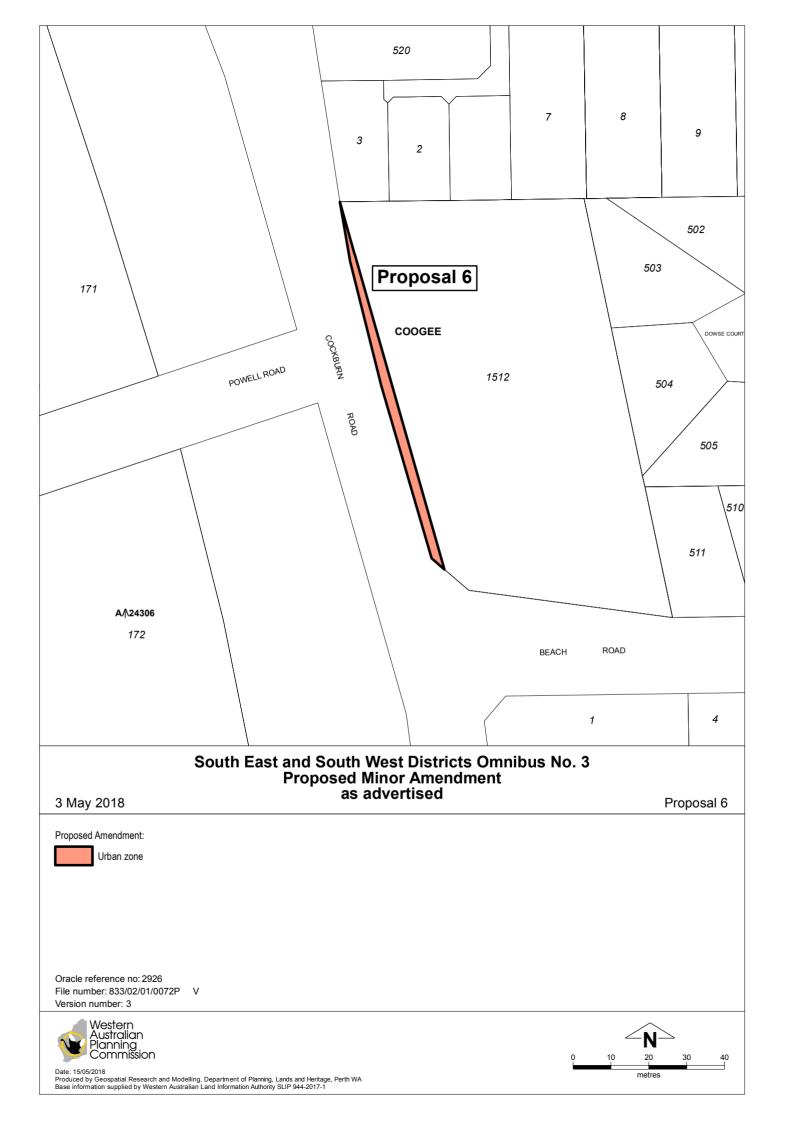


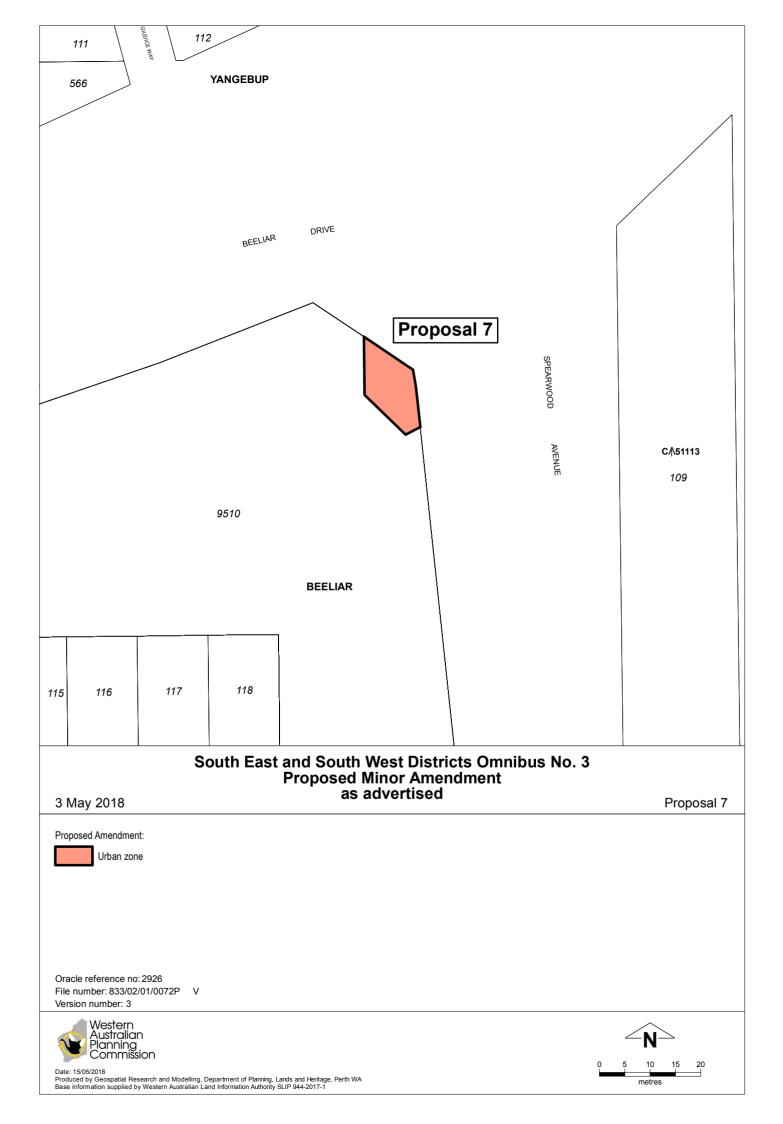


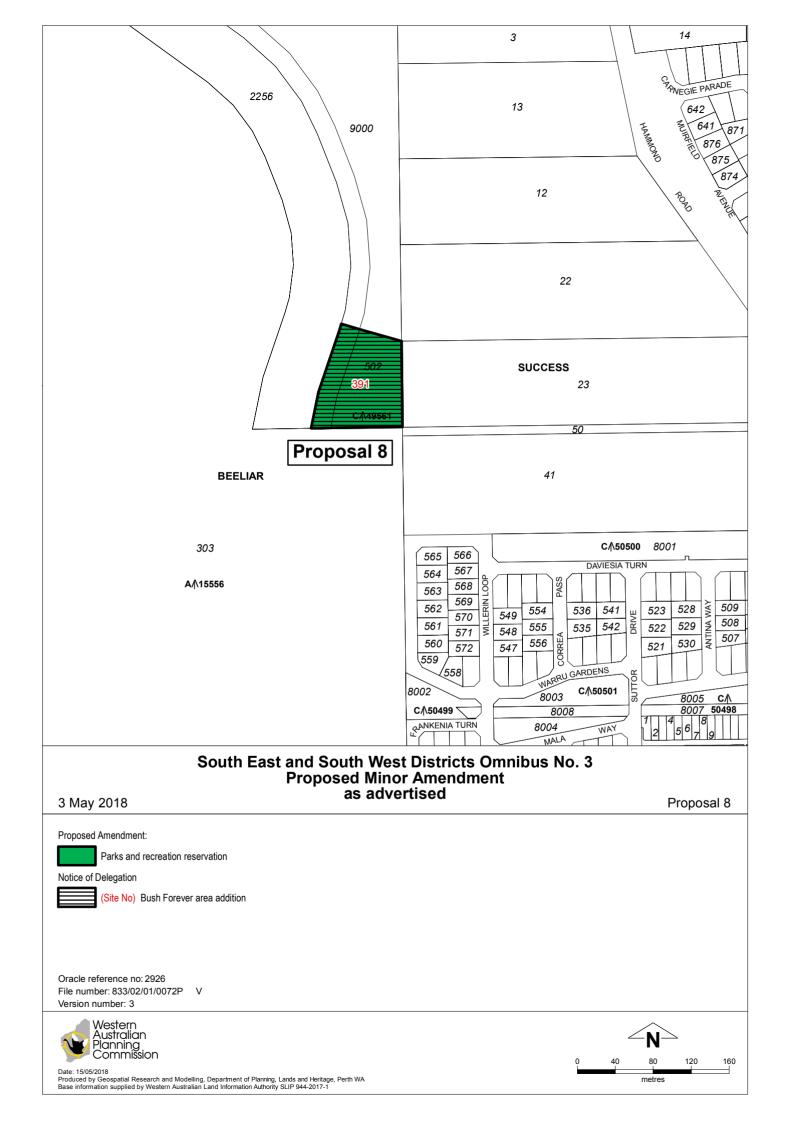


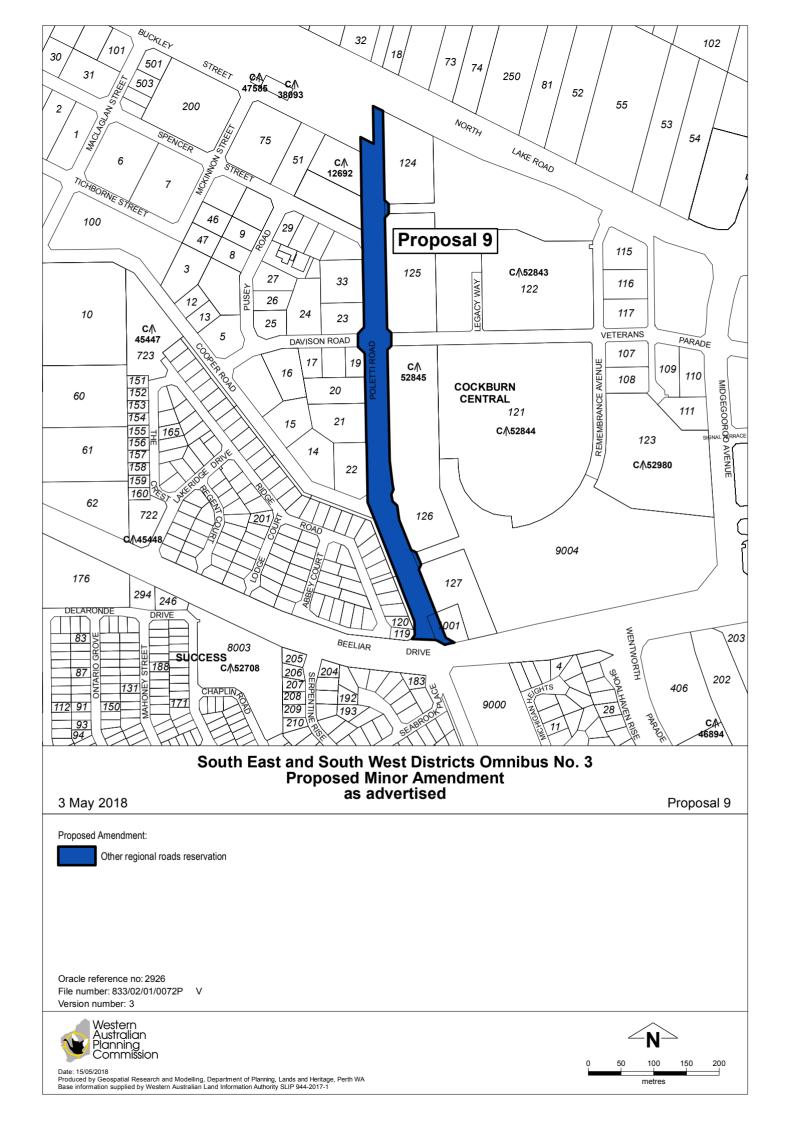


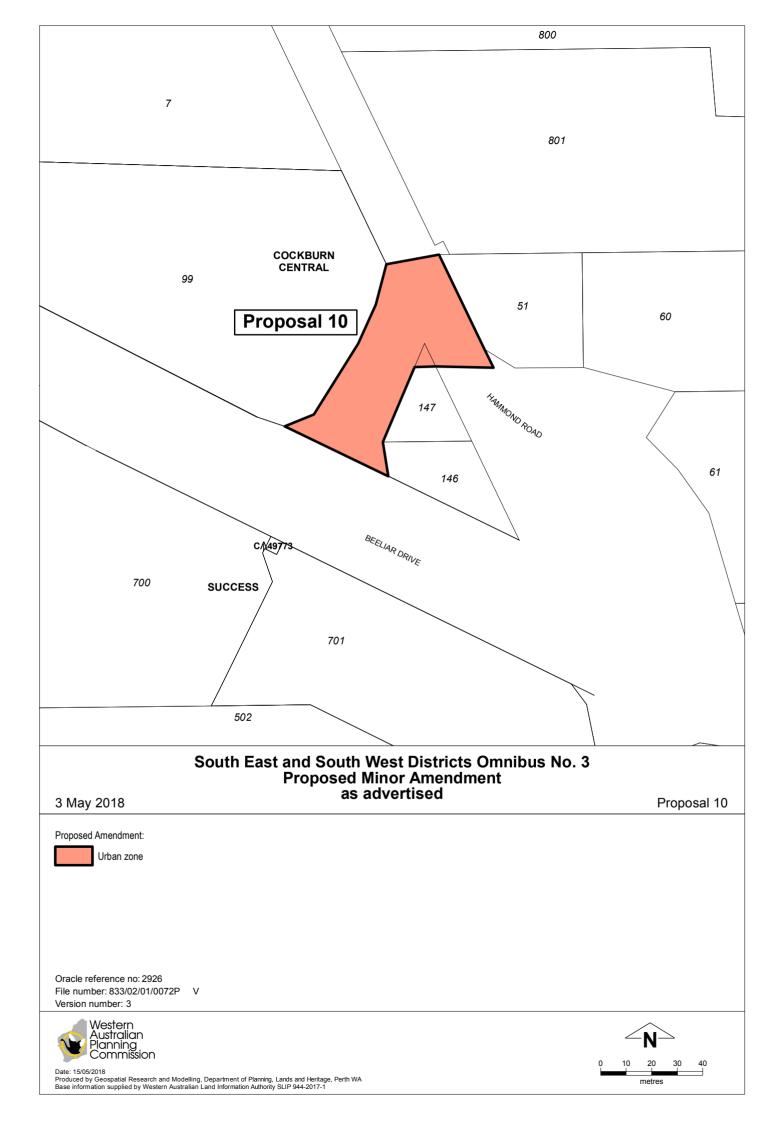






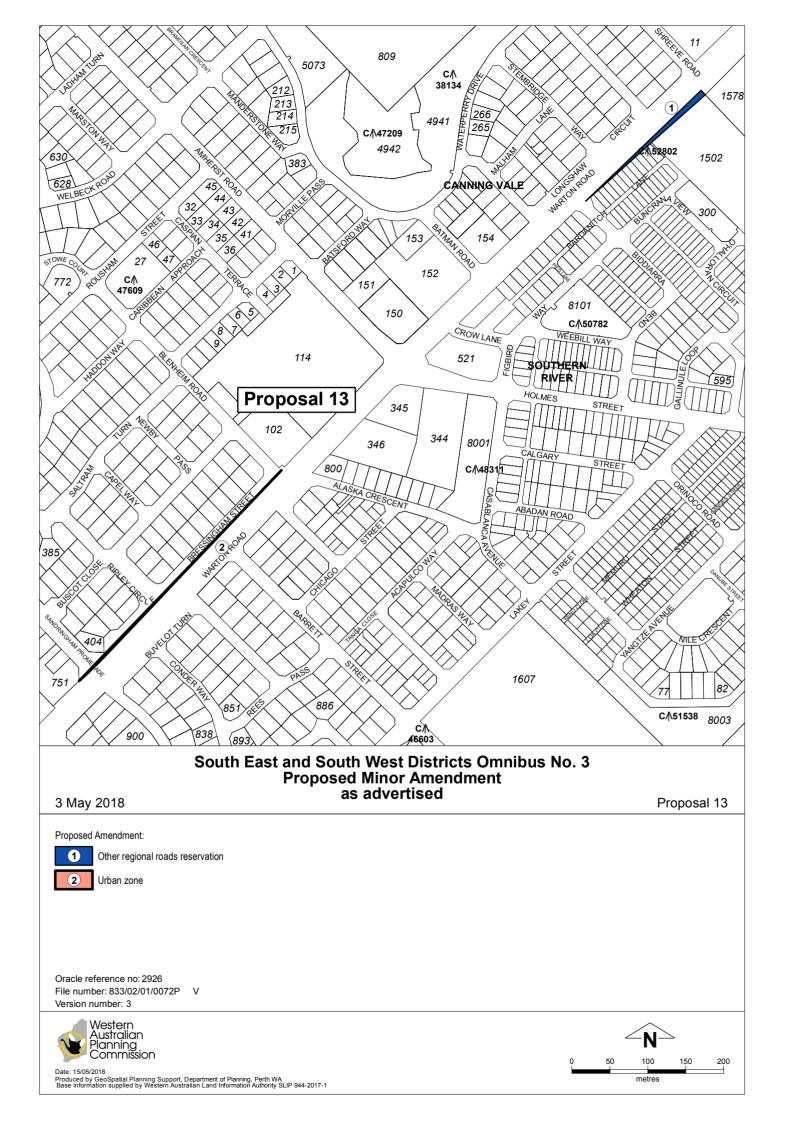


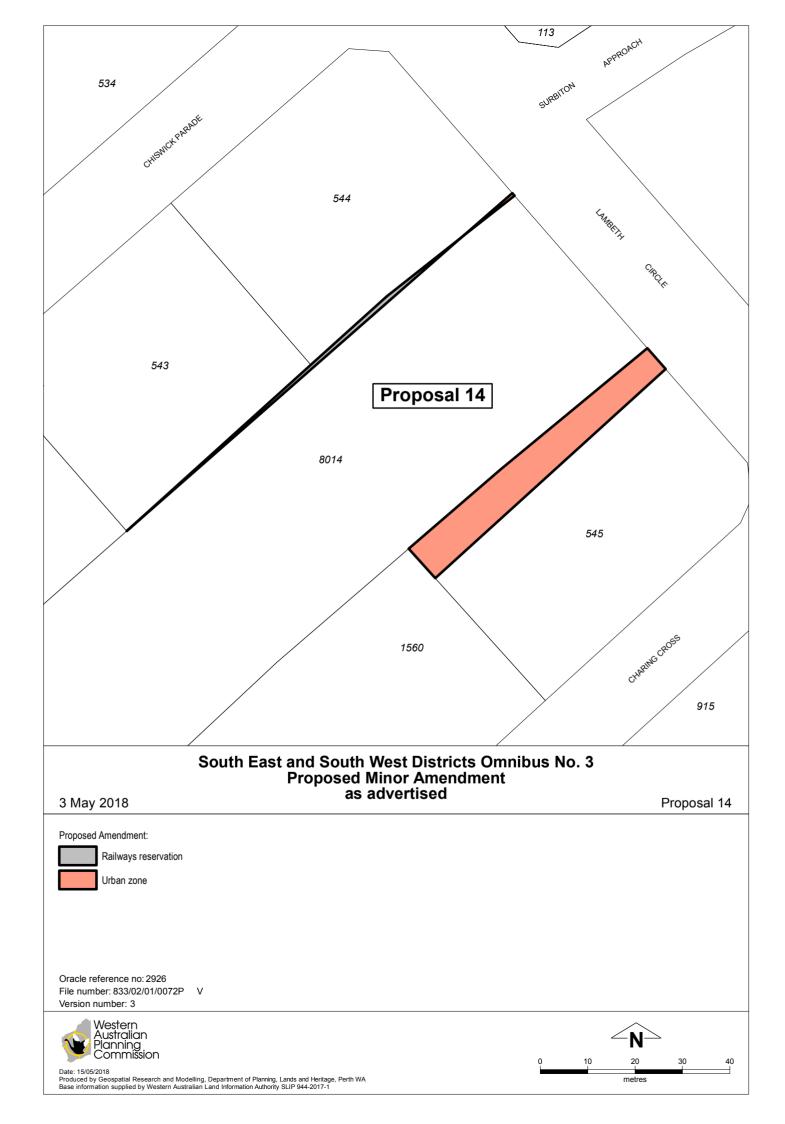


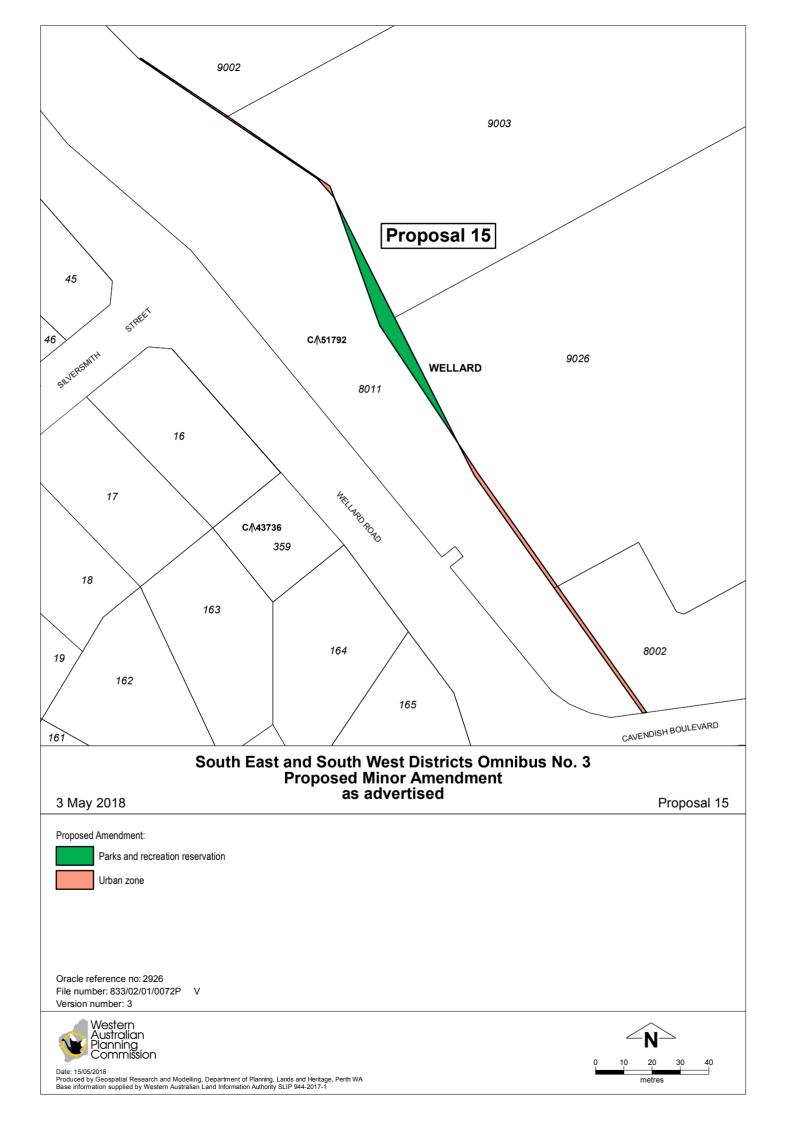


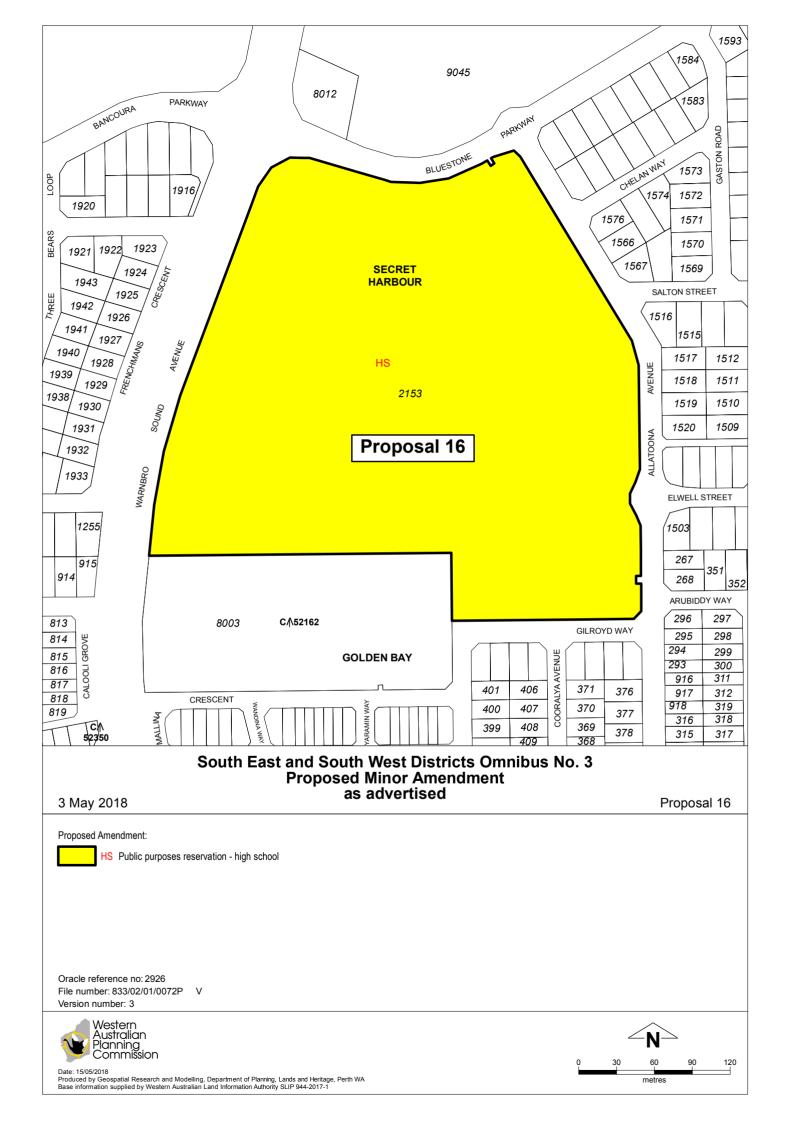


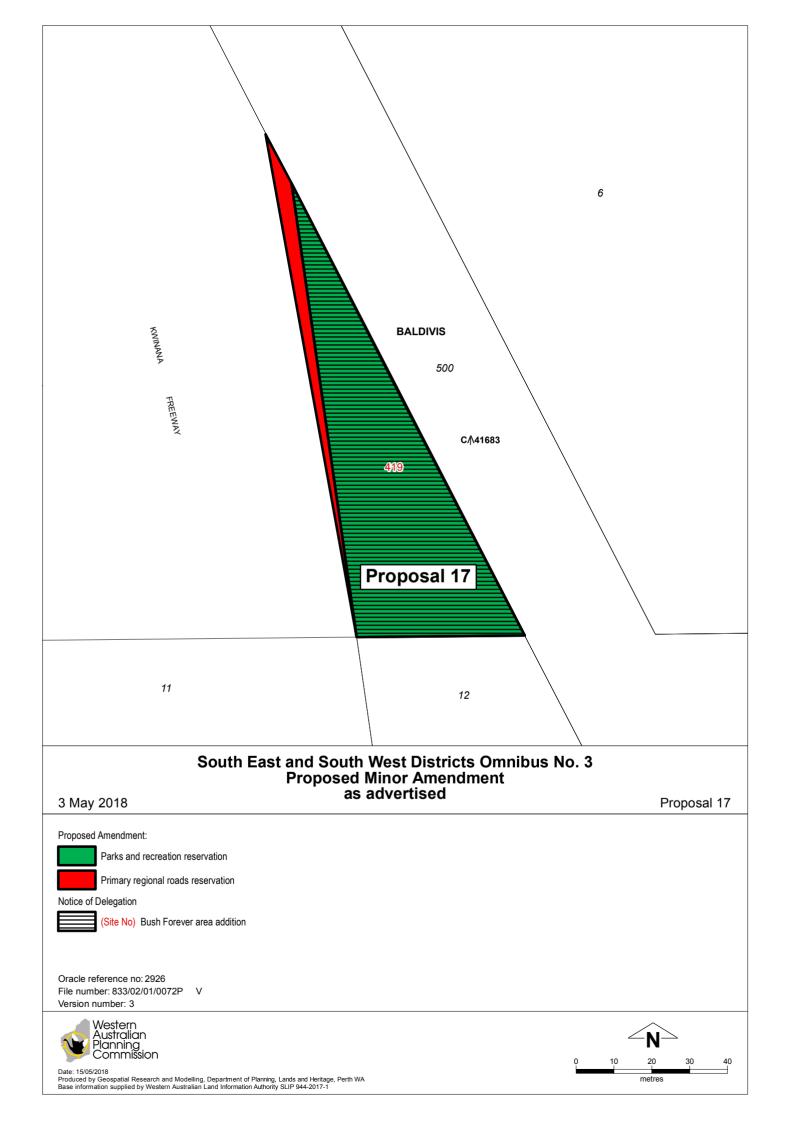


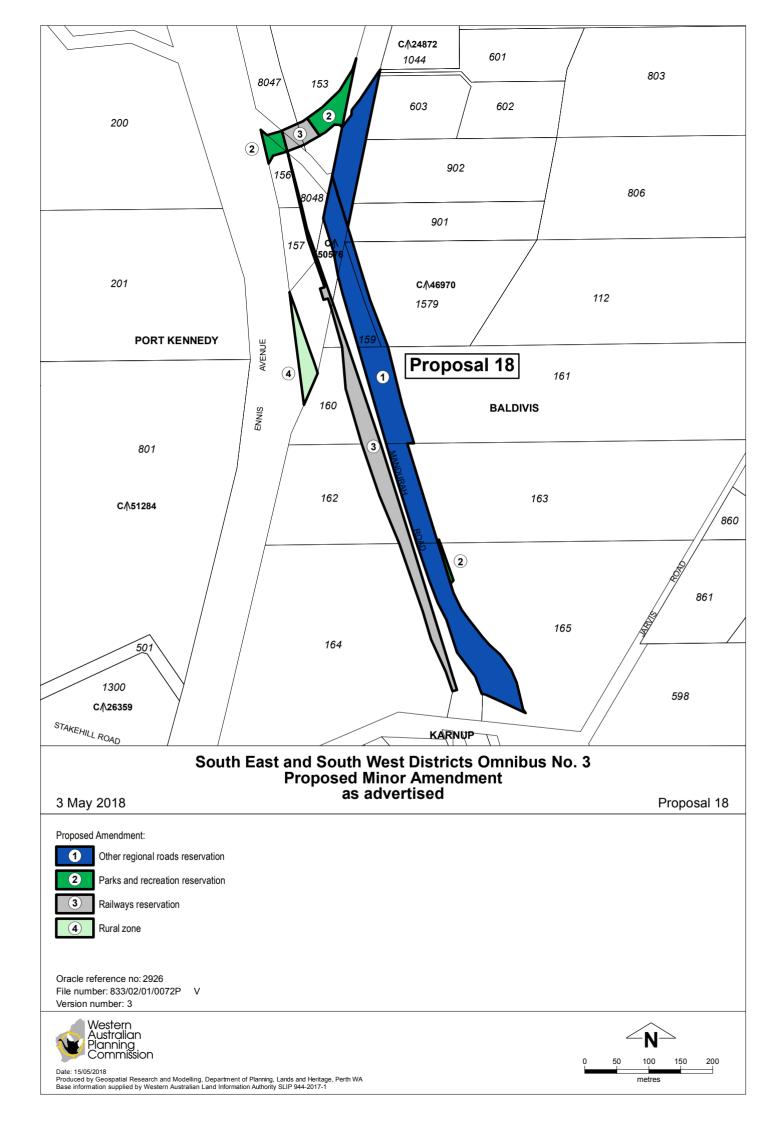


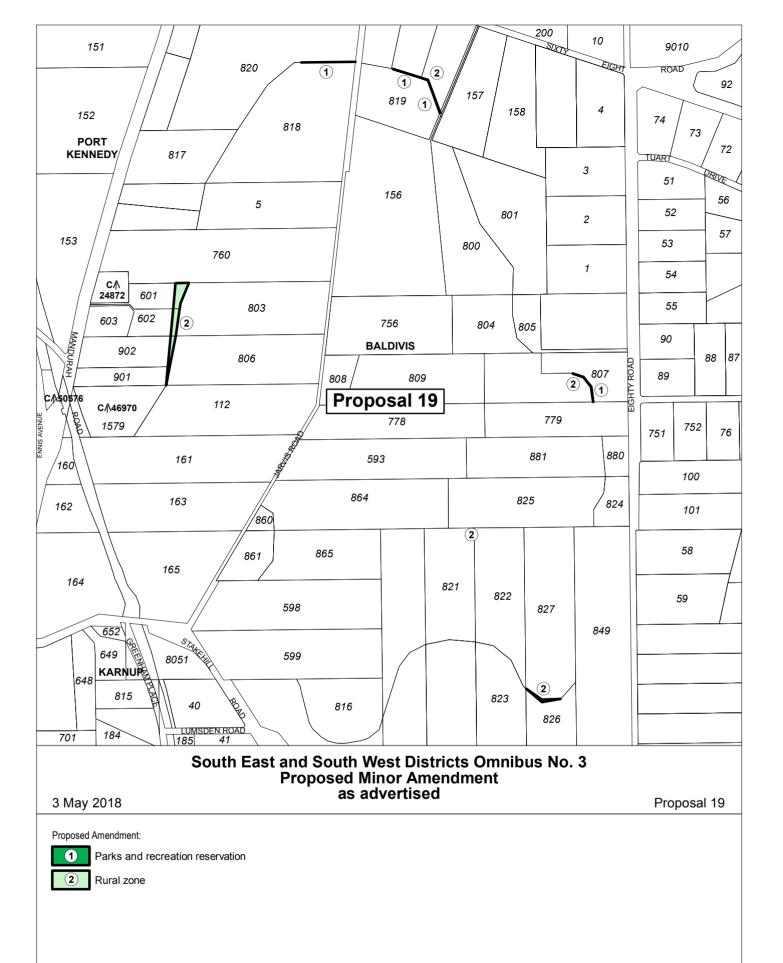








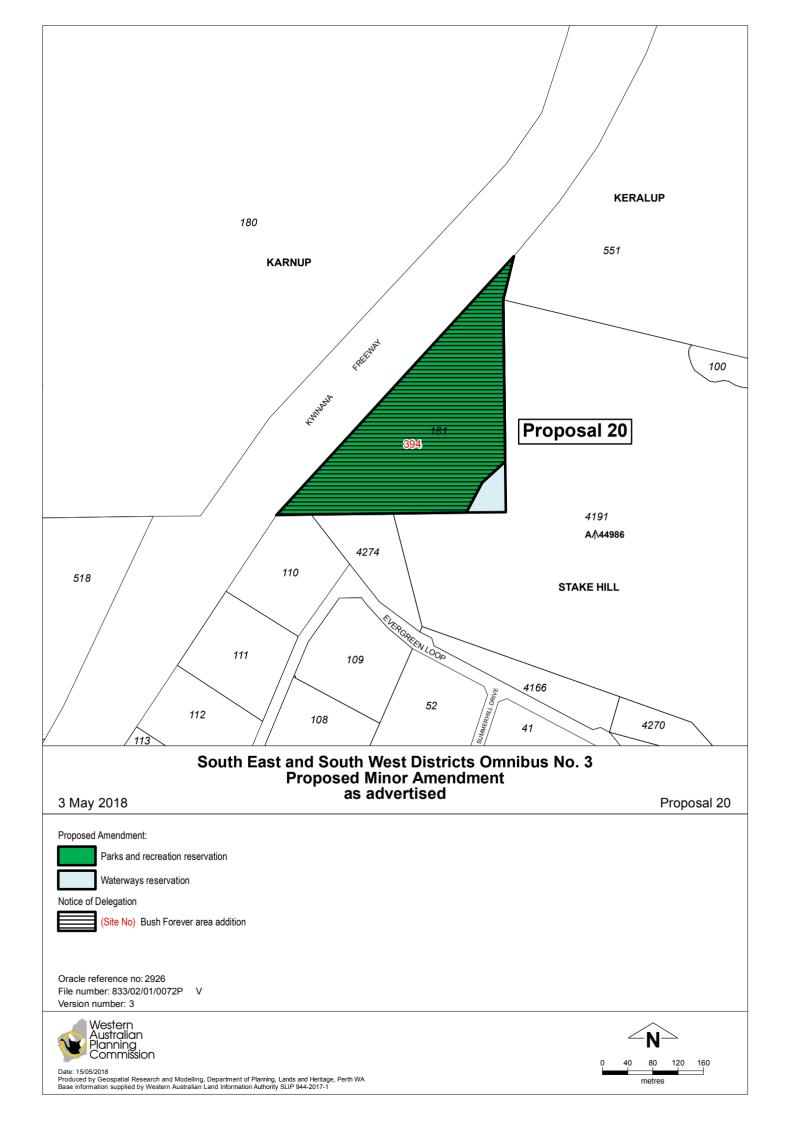




Oracle reference no: 2926 File number: 833/02/01/0072P V Version number: 3



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Proposed Minor Amendment as advertised Proposal 21

Proposed Amendment:

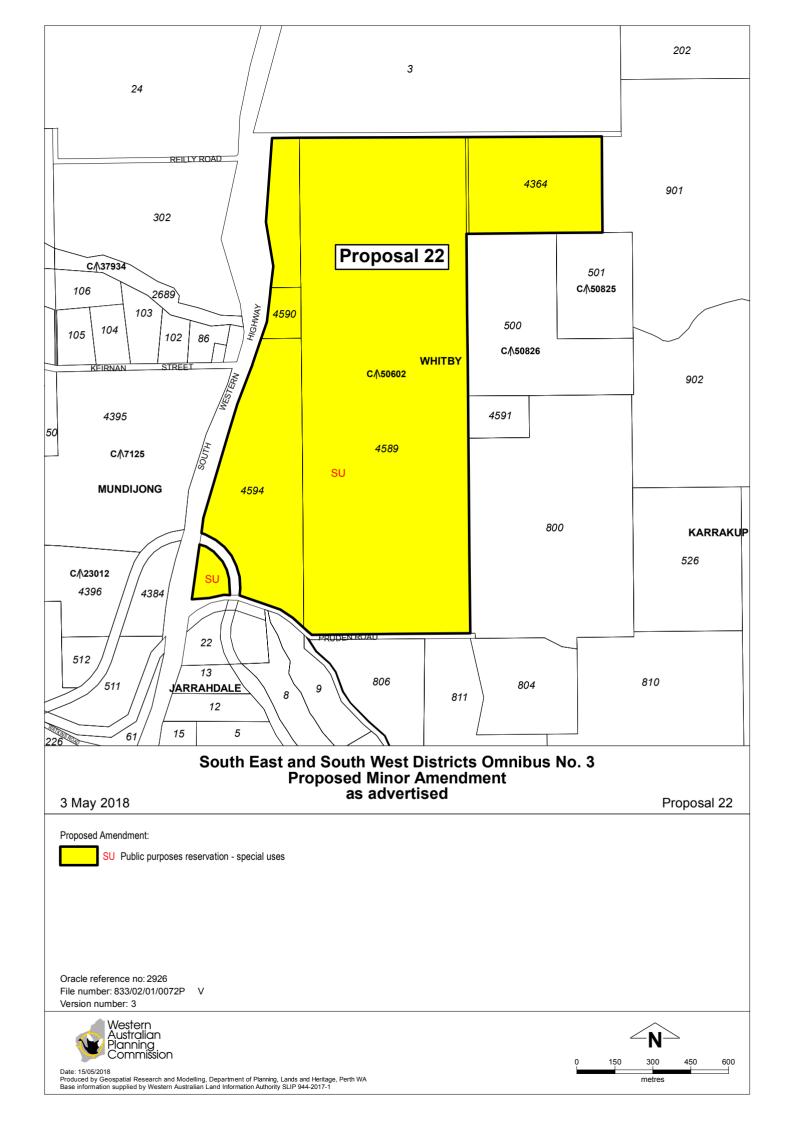
3 May 2018



Parks and recreation reservation

Oracle reference no: 2926 File number: 833/02/01/0072P V Version number: 3





Appendix A

Notice of environmental assessment



Environmental Protection Authority

Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage

Received

0 2 AUG 2018

Scanned Attachments

Scan QA

Doc No...

R15/0682

Ms Sam Fagan Secretary Western Australian Planning Commission Locked Bag 2506 PERTH WA 6001

Our Ref:

CMS17191

Enquiries:

Stephen Pavey, 6364 7600

Email:

Steve.Pavey@dwer.wa.gov.au

Dear Ms Fagan,

DECISION UNDER SECTION 48A(1)(a) Environmental Protection Act 1986

SCHEME:

Metropolitan Region Scheme Amendment

1343/57 South East and South West Districts

Omnibus 3

LOCATION:

Various locations in the South East and South West Districts of the Metropolitan Region Scheme, in the Cities of Armadale, Cockburn, Gosnells Kwinana and Rockingham and the

Gosnells, Kwinana and Rockingham and the Shire of Serpentine-Jarrahdale.

RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY:

DECISION:

Western Australian Planning Commission

Referral Examined, Preliminary Investigations and Inquiries Conducted. Scheme Amendment Not to be Assessed Under Part IV of EP Act. No

Advice Given. (Not Appealable)

Thank you for referring the above scheme to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA).

After consideration of the information provided by you, the EPA considers that the proposed scheme should not be assessed under Part IV Division 3 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (EP Act) and that it is not necessary to provide any advice or recommendations.

Please note the following:

- For the purposes of Part IV of the EP Act, the scheme is defined as an assessed scheme. In relation to the implementation of the scheme, please note the requirements of Part IV Division 4 of the EP Act.
- There is no appeal right in respect of the EPA's decision to not assess the scheme.

Yours sincerely

Anthony Sutton

Delegate of the Environmental Protection Authority

Executive Director EPA Services

30 July 2018

Appendix B

List of detail plans supporting the amendment

South East and South West Districts Omnibus 3

Proposed Minor Amendment

Amendment 1343/57

as advertised

Amending Plan 1.7755

Detail Plans

1.6535, 1.6558, 1.6580, 1.6582, 1.6598

Amending Plan 1.7756

Detail Plans

1.6476, 1.6507, 1.6510, 1.6519, 1.6520, 1.6523, 1.6621

Amending Plan 1.7757

Detail Plans

1.6568, 1.6571, 1.6714

Amending Plan 1.7758

Detail Plans

1.6794, 1.6795, 1.6823, 1.6886, 1.6892

Amending Plan 1.7759

Detail Plans

1.6816, 1.6817, 1.6833, 1.6849, 1.6850

Amending Plan 1.7760

Detail Plans

1.6920, 1.6921, 1.6938, 1.6939, 1.6945, 1.6970, 1.6983, 1.7211

Appendix C

Your property and the planning system - region schemes

Your property and the planning system – region schemes Rights to compensation in relation to reserved land

The Western Australian Planning Commission (WAPC) has statewide responsibility for planning how land in metropolitan and regional areas can be used and developed. It does this by reserving and zoning land for immediate and future development through region schemes and/or planning control areas.

Region schemes

The WAPC administers three region schemes which classify land into zones and reservations:

- Metropolitan Region Scheme
- Peel Region Scheme
- Greater Bunbury Region Scheme.

Zones are large areas identified for purposes such as industry (industrial zone) and residential (urban zone).

Reservations are required for public purposes such as schools, railways, major roads, and parks and recreation.

How do you amend a region scheme?

Schemes can be amended as regions grow and change. This process begins with the local government, landowner, State Government or WAPC making a request to amend a scheme. The WAPC considers the request and can either refuse or approve the initiation of an amendment.

The amendment process is lengthy and in general, takes between 12 to 24 months to complete and includes extensive consultation with landowners and the broader community. In some cases amendments are subject to assessment by the Environmental Protection Authority. Amendments can be classified as Major or Minor, in accordance with Development Control Policy 1.9 – Amendment to Region Schemes.

Planning Control Area

In some instances, the WAPC will use a planning control area (PCA) to protect land required for a particular purpose from development until it may be reserved in one of the region schemes. A PCA acts in a similar manner as a region scheme but can be applied as a temporary measure to enable an amendment to be progressed. This also provides affected landowners with rights to claim compensation while a decision is made to reserve land or not. A PCA is valid for up to five years.

This means the WAPC is the decision-making authority for any development applications on land within a PCA. A person must not commence and carry out development within the PCA area without the prior approval of the WAPC. There are penalties for failure to comply with this requirement.

The same compensation and alternative purchase rules apply as with a region scheme. However, if compensation is paid and the PCA or reservation is reduced or removed in the future, the compensation is repayable in whole or part upon the subsequent sale or subdivision of the property.

What if your land is proposed to be reserved?

The WAPC approaches landowners on land proposed to be reserved and invites them to comment through the amendment process.

The Government will ultimately acquire reserved land, but as the reservations are strategic and long-term requirements, the land can generally remain in private ownership until it is needed for the public purpose. Several options are available to the owners of reserved land:

- Retain ownership of your property and continue quiet enjoyment until it is needed for the public purpose. You may complete any development or subdivision approved prior to the reservation taking effect. Under non-conforming use rights, you may continue to use the property for the purpose for which it was legally being used immediately before the reservation came into effect.
- Sell the property on the open market to another person(s). The WAPC recognises that the reservation may make this difficult. Subject to acquisition priorities and the availability of funds, the WAPC would be willing to consider purchasing a reserved property if an owner is unable to achieve a private sale on the open market. This does affect your right to otherwise claim statutory compensation (outlined in the compensation section below).
- Offer the property for sale to the WAPC. Subject to acquisition priorities and the availability of funds, the WAPC would be willing to consider purchasing a reserved property. The WAPC purchases a property at its current market value, ignoring the impact of the reservation and proposed public purpose. The WAPC obtains two independent valuations to provide it with advice on the value of the property.

Am I entitled to claim compensation?

If your land is reserved in a region scheme or subject to a PCA and you are the owner of the land when it was first reserved or the PCA was declared, you may be able to make a claim for compensation for injurious affection if:

- Private Sale you sell the property on the open market at a reduced price (due to the effect of the reservation or PCA);
- 2. **Refused development –** the WAPC has either refused a development application over the property or approved it subject to conditions that are unacceptable to you.

What is injurious affection?

Injurious affection occurs when the value of a piece of land is affected by the application of a reservation or restriction for a public purpose.

How do I claim compensation?

I. Private sale

If you wish to sell your property on the open market at a reduced price (affected value), you will need to complete a *Notice of Intention to Sell* form, which is available online at www.planning.wa.gov.au. The Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage will establish the extent of the reservation and forward the notice to the Board of Valuers.

The Board of Valuers will determine the value of the property as if there was no reservation or PCA (unaffected value). You may wish to attend the board's meeting to present any matters you believe are relevant to the value of your property.

Following the board's decision:

- The board will advise you of the unaffected value of the property.
- You pay the board's valuation fee to the department and you will be advised of the affected value of the property (as determined by the WAPC) the minimum price for which you can sell the property and receive the full amount of compensation (the difference between the affected and unaffected values). The valuation fee is refundable upon the sale of the property and the payment of compensation.
- You then arrange the sale of the property (either privately or through an agent) the sale price must not be less than the affected value.

You (and your agent) must inform prospective purchasers that you are selling the property at a reduced price and that you will be claiming compensation for injurious affection from the WAPC. You must also include a special condition in the offer and acceptance.

- After you sell the property, you can make a claim for compensation for injurious affection through the WAPC within six months of the property being sold (registered at Landgate).
- After the WAPC pays compensation, the WAPC will lodge a notification on the Certificate of Title to identify that it has paid compensation, which is only payable once.
- If the property does not sell within one year of the board's valuation, you may ask the board to revalue the property. The sale process is then repeated.
- Alternatively, you may wish to ask the WAPC to purchase the property, as you have been unable to sell it privately. The WAPC will purchase the property at its then fair market value (unaffected value).

2. Refused development

If the WAPC refused your development application or approved it subject to unacceptable conditions, you may make a claim for compensation for injurious affection **within six months** of the WAPC's decision.

The WAPC will either pay compensation or may elect to purchase the property instead of paying compensation. If the WAPC elects to purchase the property, it obtains valuations for the fair market value (unaffected value) as at the date of the election to purchase.

What is compulsory acquisition?

If land is required for a reservation and has not been previously acquired or compensation has been claimed, the Government may compulsorily acquire the property. The WAPC will obtain independent valuations and make an offer of compensation, in accordance with the Land Administration Act 1997.

How can I view a region scheme?

- online at www.planning.wa.gov.au/regionscheme
- office of the WAPC and the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage Level 2, 140 William Street, Perth
- any local government office.

The WAPC operates in accordance with the *Planning and Development Act 2005* and receives administrative support from the Department of Planning, Lands and Heritage.

This information is correct as at February 2018.

Appendix D

Preparing a submission

Preparing a submission

The WAPC welcomes comment on proposed amendments to the MRS from interested individuals, groups and organisations.

What is a submission?

A submission is a way to express your opinion and provide information. It is an opportunity to explain why the amendment should be supported, withdrawn or modified. Suggestions of alternative courses of action are also welcomed.

Making a submission is not the same as voting in an election. The number of submissions received for or against a proposal will not in itself determine the result. Rather, it is the reasoned argument of why a particular thing should or should not be done. Your submission will assist the WAPC in reviewing its planning proposal before proceeding. Advertised proposals are often modified in response to the public submission process.

What should I say?

Your comments should focus on the particular issues that arise from the proposed amendment. If there are a number of components in the amendment, please indicate exactly which ones you are addressing.

It is important that you state your point of view clearly and give reasons for your conclusions and recommendations. These may include an alternative approach or other ways for the WAPC to improve the amendment or make it more acceptable. Indicate the source of your information or argument where applicable.

If you prefer not to write your own comments, you may consider joining a group interested in making a submission on similar issues. Joint submissions can increase the pool of ideas and information.

Before lodging your submission

The WAPC prefers to receive submissions online at <u>www.planning.wa.gov.au/public-comment</u>, however, hardcopy submissions can also be accepted (form 57 – appendix E).

Please remember to complete all fields in the submission form including your name, contact details and whether you would like to attend a hearing. Pleased limit the number of attachments, where possible, ensuring they are directly relevant to the proposed amendment you are commenting on.

The closing date for submissions and how to lodge them is shown on form 57 and in the submissions on the amendment section of the amendment report.

Some amendments may be subject to an environmental review. Under these circumstances, the WAPC will forward a copy of any submission raising environmental issues to the EPA.

You should be aware that all submissions lodged with the WAPC are subject to regulations on disclosure and access, and your submission will become a public document.

Appendix E

Submission form for this amendment (form 57)

Section 57 Amendment (Minor)

Form 57

Submission

Metropolitan Region Scheme Amendment 1343/57

South East and South West Districts Omnibus 3

OFFICE USE ONLY

To:	Secretary Western Australian Planning Commission Locked Bag 2506 PERTH WA 6001		SUBMISSION NUMBER RLS/0769
Titl	le (Mr, Mrs, Miss, Ms)	First Name	
Su	rname		(PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY)
Add	dress	Pos	stcode
Со	ntact phone number	Email address	
	bmissions may be published as part of the conmy your submission? ☐ Yes ☐ No	nsultation process. Do you wis	h to have your name removed
The	e following proposals are the subject of ւ	my submission:	
	bmission (Please attach additional pages if required.		
••••			

turn over to complete your submission

	(Submission continued. Please attach additional pages if required)			
You should be aware that:				
• The WAPC is subject to the <i>Freedom of Information Act 1992</i> and as such, submissions made to the WAPC may be subject to applications for access under the act.				
• In the course of the WAPC assessing submissions, or making its report on these submissions, copies of your submission or the substance of that submission, may be disclosed to third parties.				
To be signed by person(s) making the submission				
Signature	Date			

Note: Submissions MUST be received by the advertised closing date, being close of business (5pm) on <u>23 November 2018</u>. Late submissions will NOT be considered.