

# Kwinana Background Air Quality Study Phase 4

Phase 4 of the Kwinana Background Air Quality Study was conducted over an 18-month period from 2013 to 2014.

The *Kwinana Background Air Quality Study* – *Phase 4 report* is available on the Department of Environment Regulation (DER) website at <u>www.der.wa.gov.au</u> under Air quality publications.

For information on the Study, please email info@der.wa.gov.au.

# **The Study**

Phase 4 of the Study used a new and improved measurement instrument called a Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer (FTIR) to measure air quality averaged over one-hour periods. Previous phases of the Study, conducted in 2005–2006, 2007–2008 and 2009–2010, took samples over longer time periods of up to several days.



FTIR setup—light source in the distance aligned with the detector

The aim of Phase 4 was to identify any short-term air quality issues that may be experienced within the community. Phase 4 measured air quality at 10 sites, as shown on the map below.



Map of the sampling sites

Ammonia and a suite of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), such as benzene, toluene, acetone, ethylbenzene, carbon disulfide, xylenes, total aldehydes were measured.

Measurements were taken between 9am and 3pm. Sixty-nine measurement sessions were conducted.

Continuous measurements over February and March were also conducted at the Kwinana BP Cogeneration facility to assess diurnal variations in air quality.

# Kwinana Airshed Study Advisory Group

The Kwinana Airshed Study Advisory Group comprises representatives from industry, local and State Government, and community groups. The advisory group designed the Study with input from the community through a consultation process involving an online survey and two community forums.

### **Summary of Results**

The Study confirmed the results from the previous Phases 1 to 3 Studies, which found the levels of detected target pollutants to be low and below the air quality criteria. Results from the majority of sites located in residential areas did not show any significant VOCs or ammonia levels, even when odours were observed. Odours were detected at six of the 10 sites, with Wattleup and Beeliar Oval recording the most odour events during monitoring. The continuous measurement data showed that levels of ammonia and VOCs peaked from early evening to the early hours of the morning, but the levels were still low.

The Study confirmed the major source of many of the target compounds and odours detected were from commercial and industrial activities in the Kwinana Industrial Area. Contributions from vehicle emissions at sites located close to the Kwinana Freeway were also observed.

#### Conclusion

The FTIR was found to be an excellent instrument for the measurement of short-term air quality (onehour averages).

The results are representative of what might be expected around a major industrial area. All compounds measured were found to be lower than health limit criteria set by the Department of Health.

#### **More Information**

For advice on any other Air Quality matter, please contact DER on +61 8 6467 5000.

This document is available in alternative formats and other languages on request.

#### **Related Documents**

Additional publications about Air Quality are available online on DER's website at <u>www.der.wa.gov.au</u> or by contacting the Department on +61 8 6467 5000.

# Legislation

This document is provided for guidance only. It should not be relied upon to address every aspect of the relevant legislation.

Please refer to the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* available from the State Law Publisher. Free electronic copies are available from State Law Publisher website at <u>www.slp.wa.gov.au</u>.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this document is provided by DER in good faith, as a public service. However, DER does not guarantee the accuracy of the information contained in this document and it is the responsibility of recipients to make their own enquiries as to its accuracy, currency and relevance. The State of Western Australia, DER and their servants and agents expressly disclaim liability, in negligence or otherwise, for any act or omission occurring in reliance on the information contained in this document or for any consequence of such act or omission.

#### Limitation

The Western Australian Government is committed to providing quality information to the community and makes every attempt to ensure accuracy, currency and reliability of the data contained in this document. However, changes in circumstances after the time of publication may impact on the quality of information. Confirmation of the information may be sought from the relevant originating bodies or the department providing the information. DER and the State of Western Australia reserve the right to amend the content of this document at any time without notice.

## **Legal Advice**

The information provided to you by DER in relation to this matter does not constitute legal advice. Due to the range of legal issues potentially involved in this matter, DER recommends that you obtain independent legal advice.