

From 1 January 2021

Transitional Sentencing Provisions: This table is divided into thirds based on the three relevant periods of Sentencing Provisions:

- Post-transitional provisions period
- Transitional provisions period
- Pre-transitional provisions period

These periods are separated by a row which shows when the transitional provisions were enacted, and another showing when they were repealed.

Glossary:

agg	aggravated
att	attempt
conc	concurrent
cum	cumulative
ct	count

circ circumstances

CBO community based order CRO conditional release order

EFP eligible for parole imp imprisonment

ISO intensive supervision order

PG plead guilty

PSR pre-sentence report

SIO suspended imprisonment order

susp suspended

TES total effective sentence

No.	Case	Antecedents	Summary/Facts	Sentence	Appeal
3.	Singh v The State	35 yrs at time sentencing.	Cts 1-8; 10 & 11: Fraud.	Ct 1: 4 yrs imp (cum).	Dismissed (leave refused).
J.	of Western	33 yrs at time sentenenig.	Ct 9: Property laundering.	Cts 2 & 3: 2 yrs imp (cum).	Dishinssed (leave ferused).
	Australia	Convicted after late PG (10%	Ct 12: Preparation for forgery.	Cts 4; 8; 9 & 11: 2 yrs imp	Appeal concerned totality
	11050 and	discount).	et 12. Heparadon for lorgery.	(conc).	principle.
	[2023] WASCA	discount).	Mr Kilsby engaged Singh, a software	Cts 5-7 & 10: 3 yrs imp	principie.
	31	Criminal history; prior	developer, to develop an adult	(conc).	At [73] a particularly
		convictions of fraud.	entertainment application suitable for	Ct 12: 1 yrs imp.	serious example of
	Delivered	convictions of fraud.	mobile devices (the app). Mr Kilsby had	Ge 12, 1 yis imp.	offending of this kind:
	14/02/2023	Born India; youngest of three	conceived and developed the underlying	TES 8 yrs imp.	The appellant's offending
	11,02,2023	children; profoundly	idea and had registered a patent.	125 o yis mip.	was not constituted by the
		impacted by death of father		EFP.	maintenance or repetition of
		2016.	Singh made a series of fraudulent	, —	a single continuing false
			representations to Mr Kilsby, including	The sentencing judge found	representation He
		Moved to Australia 2004.	the creation of several fictitious persons	the appellant's offending 'a	engaged in an elaborate
			and entities, who were purported to be	very serious example of each	fraudulent scheme involving
		Separated; ex-wife only	interested in purchasing the app for	type of offence'; the offending	a series of fictitious persons,
		significant relationship; one	substantial sums of money.	was serious by the amount he	companies and documents.
		child; continued to live	A	derived through the course of	He repeatedly manufactured
		together; not divorced at time	There were a total of 67 cash transfers	his offending; the duration and	ongoing extensive chains of
		sentencing.	over a period of almost four yrs.	persistence of the offending	communication between
				and the level of deception in	fictitious persons he had
		Varied work history.	With this conduct Singh defrauded Mr	which he engaged to hide his	created and Mr Kilsby
			Kilsby and nine other individuals of a	offending; he went to great	[He] was motivated by greed
		Alcohol use; extreme	total of \$1,462,461.70.	lengths to cultivate Mr	there can be no doubt that
		gambling addiction.		Kilsby's trust through false	the appellant was aware that
			None of the money has been repaid.	representations convincing Mr	Mr Kilsby was not the
		1		Kilsby to turn to people who	source of all of the funds
		X		knew and trusted him to secure	being paid towards the
		C		investment funds.	purported project [He]
					must have known that at
				The sentencing judge	least a substantial part of the
				characterised the fraud offence	funds he obtained from Mr
		. (9		as highly sophisticated,	Kilsby came from others.
		CAU		extensive; deliberate, brazen	The appellant's offending

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				and sustained and 'nothing	has had a devastating effect
				short of callous'; the	on his victims
				appellant's offending was	
				motivated by greed and not	At [75] The appellant
				need.	commenced this offending
					about two yrs after being
				The sentencing judge found	convicted of two cts of fraud
				the seriousness of the	and about a yr after
				offending such that terms of	completing a susp term of
				imp were the only justifiable	imp for that offending
			A A	outcome and the fact so many	
				offences had been committed	At [88] the appellant's
				over so many victims over four	TES cannot, even arguably,
				yrs justified a strong measure	be said to infringe the first
				of accumulation in his	limb of the totality principle.
			$C \rightarrow$	sentence.	The appellant's sentence sits
					comfortably within the
				Offending had profound	bounds of an appropriate
			X.	psychological impact on	exercise of the sentencing
				victims; devasted by the	discretion and bears a proper
				financial losses sustained;	relationship to the overall
				some lost their homes or are	criminality involved in all of
				unable to meet health or other	the offences.
				ordinary living expenses.	
				No finding appellant	
			Y	remorseful.	
2.	Houlahan v The	21 yrs at time offending.	Ct 1: Steal MV.	Ct 1: 12 mths imp (cum).	Dismissed (leave refused).
	State of Western	23 yrs at time sentencing.	Ct 2: Fraud.	Ct 2: 6 mths imp (conc).	
	Australia	C. C.	Ct 7: Agg burg.	Ct 7: 2 yrs 6 mths imp (cum).	Appeal concerned length of
		Convicted after very late PG	Ct 8: Steal MV.	Ct 8: 15 mths imp (conc).	individual sentences cts 1, 2
	[2022] WASCA	(cts 1 & 2) (10% discount).	Ct 9: Reckless driving.	Ct 9: 18 mths imp (cum).	& 9 and totality principle.
	85	Convicted after trial (cts 7-			
		9).	All offences committed over a period of	TES 5 yrs imp.	At [35] As to the sentence
	Delivered	CAU	15 days.		imposed on ct 2, having

Very lengthy unenviable criminal history; frequently in detention or imprisoned since aged 14 yrs.

Dysfunctional upbringing; parents separated aged 7 yrs; raised by mother; tumultuous relationship with father; exposed to alcohol and illicit drugs young age; antisocial

Mother and sister supportive.

behaviours and associations.

Educated to yr 9.

Introduced to methyl aged 13 yrs.

During a burglary, the victim's motor vehicle was stolen. It was not alleged Houlahan had taken part in the burglary. However, he drove the vehicle and put fuel in the vehicle, paying using the victim's debit card. The vehicle was later found damaged. A forensic examination located Houlahan's DNA on the steering wheel. The cost to repair the vehicle was \$2,310.

In the early hrs of the morning the victim and his family were asleep in their home. Houlahan broke into the house through a window. He used a pair of socks as gloves. Inside the home he stole items of property, including the keys to a motor vehicle. He then drove the vehicle from the premises.

That same morning Houlahan sped past an unmarked police car, who activated the car's lights to pull him over. He did not stop. When police activated both lights and sirens, he accelerated away from the pursuing police car. He drove in excess of 45 km p/hr over the speed limit in order to evade the police. At certain points he reached speeds of between 155 km p/h and 160 km p/hr. He also drove through a number of major intersections at high speed and on the incorrect side of the road. Police deployed a stinger device, which Houlahan deliberately evaded.

EFP.

MDL disq for life.

The sentencing judge found the appellant's offending 'very serious'; he drove on suburban streets, often at extreme speeds, posing a very real danger to others and showing a total disregard for other road users; the agg home burglary was particularly serious, it occurred at night when people were in the house.

The sentencing judge found the appellant had a continuing and entrenched disobedience of the law in very serious ways; nothing to indicate on the path to rehabilitation.

Financial loss and great inconvenience caused to victims.

regard to all of the relevant circumstances, including the appellant's PG, ... and the modest amount [he] defrauded, the sentence of ... imp was not manifestly excessive, bearing in mind that [he] used the petrol he obtained by fraud to enable him to continue driving the stolen vehicle.

At [36] As to the sentence imposed on ct 9, the submissions of the appellant substantially understate the seriousness of the offence. While the offence lasted between six and 10 min. it involved a very determined and sustained att to evade arrest. He was driving a stolen car and at one point had a passenger in the vehicle. In doing so [he] drove with extreme speed on a major highway and suburban streets in a manner which put the lives and safety of other road users in jeopardy. The driving involved a selfish disregard for the safety of others. ...

At [44] In the present case,

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			At one point Houlahan stopped to let a passenger out of the vehicle.	Ox Osecultile	her Honour was correct to accumulate some of the sentences to properly reflect
			passenger out of the vehicle.	6,5.	the appellant's overall
			Eventually the vehicle came to rest		criminality which
			against a tree. Houlahan ran from the		encompassed five distinct
			vehicle and hid. He was eventually		offences in two separate
			located by police.		incidents committed over a
			rocated by ponce.	Y	15-day period The TES
					was an appropriate reflection
			A A	\circ	of the appellant's overall
					criminality,
1.	NHI v The State	38 yrs at time sentencing.	Cts 1-4: Fraud.	Ct 1; 3-4: 16 mths imp (conc).	Allowed.
	of Western			Ct 2: 16 mths imp (cum).	
	Australia	Convicted after early PG	NHI and Mr L created a company for the		Appeal concerned totality
		(25% discount).	purpose of securing bank loans to	TES 2 yrs 8 mths imp.	principle and length of
	[2021] WASCA		purchase and develop four blocks of land.		cooperation discount.
	32	20% discount for past and	Mr L was appointed the company's sole	EFP.	
		future cooperation.	director.		Resentenced:
	Delivered			The sentencing judge found	
	25/02/2021	Minor criminal history; road	NHI and Mr L falsified various	the appellant's offending	Ct 1: 14 mths imp (cum).
		traffic offences only.	documents in a loan application to obtain	involved a significant level of	Ct 2: 10 mths imp (cum).
			the funds for the purchase in Mr L's	deception; the fraudulent	Cts 3 & 4: 14 mths imp
		Parents very hardworking,	name. These documents created a	activity was persistent and	(conc).
		rarely present; as a result	misleadingly positive impression of Mr	premeditated; it occurred over	
		lived with extended family;	L's financial position.	a period of time and involved	TES 2 yrs imp.
		often responsible for caring	NUM C 111 of 1 1 1	dealing with a mortgage	EFP.
		for his younger siblings.	NHI facilitated a meeting with a broker	broker who was dealing with	A. [52] .1 11 .2
		A - 1 27 to	and subsequently provided the documents,	financial institutions.	At [53] the appellant's
		Aged 27 yrs when parents	he knew to be false, to the broker. He was	Compinal company of the	assistance was,, limited to
		separated; experienced stress	aware throughout the loan application	Genuinely remorseful;	identifying the co-offender
		and anxiety resulting from	process that Mr L was having financial difficulties.	substantial steps taken towards	of the offence the appellant committed – it did not
		dealing with family's major financial decision.	difficulties.	rehabilitation; undertaking to give evidence against Mr L;	extend to assisting the
		illianciai decision.	The bank approved four loans of	attending counselling to	prosecution of other
L			The bank approved four foans of	attending counselling to	prosecution of other

Living with his mother at time of sentencing.

Two long-term relationships; marriage ended due to the offending and his mental health; seven children; continues to support and provide for his family financially.

Completed yr 12 and first yr of a business degree.

Employed various jobs; real estate agent time offending; purchased a real estate agency; the company ran at a loss and eventually declared bankrupt; since gained work outside real estate industry.

Mental health issues; history of anxiety, depression and stress; diagnosed with ADHD and bipolar disorder.

History of drug and alcohol misuse; commenced using cannabis in high school; daily use at university; ceased using cannabis and commenced using alcohol excessively; adverse impact on his employment and \$216,000 to purchase the land. Each loan was secured by a mortgage over the respective block of land.

The development of the land never occurred, and the bank subsequently exercised its rights as mortgagee and sold all four blocks.

The loans would not have been made without NHI's and Mr L's dishonest activity and, had the development been successful, NHI would have benefited by earning a commission from the sales of the developed properties as the real estate agent.

address his mental health and relationship issues at time sentencing; low risk of reoffending.

offences. Also, the appellant's cooperation did not place his welfare at risk, In all the circumstances, ... we are not satisfied that the discount of 20% for the appellant's cooperation is so low as to reveal implied error.

At [63]-[64] ... the appellant's offending is agg by its persistence. His offending involved the creation of several false documents and a course of conduct extending over a period of more than two mths. ... Nevertheless, we are persuaded that the total effective term ... was, in all the circumstances, so high as to reveal error. ...

At [66] ... the appellant had provided substantial past assistance and promised substantial future assistance ... while the 20% discount was not to be directly applied to the TES, the appellant's substantial cooperation called for a significant further reduction in the TES that would

		relationships.		111	otherwise have been appropriate.
Transitional provisions repealed (14/01/2009)					
Transitional provisions enacted (31/08/2003)					
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