

WA award summary

Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry (Western Australian) Interim Award

1 July 2025

About this award summary

This document is a summary of the state Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry (Western Australian) Interim Award. WA awards are legal documents that outline the pay rates, allowances, working hours, and leave entitlements for employees in a particular industry or type of work.

Complying with the provisions of a WA award is compulsory and all employers who are covered by this WA award must provide employees with the pay rates and employment entitlements in the WA award, as outlined in this award summary and in the full award as a minimum. Potential penalties for employers who do not meet WA award requirements are detailed on page 2.

This WA award summary is a summary only and does not include all obligations required by the award. It is important to also refer to the full Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry (Western Australian) Interim Award that is available on the Western Australian Industrial Relations Commission website www.wairc.wa.gov.au. Provisions of other employment legislation also apply to employees and have been included in this WA award summary where appropriate. You should refer to the *Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993*, the *Long Service Leave Act 1958*, and the *Industrial Relations Act 1979* for full details.

This document is formatted for viewing on the Wageline website and contains web links to other relevant information. If using a printed copy in which links are not visible, all additional information can be found at www.lgirs.wa.gov.au/wageline or by contacting Wageline on 1300 655 266.

This WA award summary includes information on employment entitlements introduced by the *Industrial Relations Legislation Amendment Act 2024* effective from 31 January 2025 – www.lgirs.wa.gov.au/new-employment-laws

Disclaimer

The Department of Local Government, Industry Regulation and Safety has prepared this WA award summary to provide information on pay rates and major award provisions. It is not designed to be comprehensive or to provide legal advice. The department does not accept liability for any claim which may arise from any person acting on, or refraining from acting on, this information.

Three Step Check: to make sure this WA award summary is relevant to you

Step 1

Is the organisation in the state system?

This WA award summary applies to organisations in the **state industrial relations system.** The state system covers organisations (and their employees) that operate as:

- ✓ sole traders
- unincorporated partnerships
- ✓ unincorporated trust arrangements
- incorporated associations and other non-profit bodies that are not trading or financial corporations

This summary does **not** apply to businesses and organisations in the national 'fair work' industrial relations system which operate as:

- Pty Ltd or Ltd businesses that are trading or financial corporations
- incorporated partnerships or incorporated trusts
- incorporated associations and other non-profit bodies that are trading or financial corporations

For more information visit Which system of employment law applies.

If the business or organisation is in the national system visit the Fair Work Ombudsman website www.fairwork.gov.au

Step 2

Is the organisation covered by the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award? The Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award applies to the crisis assistance and supported housing industry and to each employer within the industry.

Step 3

Is the employee's job covered by the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award? The Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award applies to community services workers in the crisis assistance and supported housing industry who are employed in a classification to which the award applies.

The Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award **does not** apply to people employed:

- as cleaners, security officers, caretakers, gardeners, laundry employees/or domestic work/domestic employees; nor
- in the provision of supported and/or related support services specifically for aged, infirm, physically, psychiatrically or developmentally disabled persons or persons suffering from drug or alcohol addiction, or children under the age of 12 years.

Industrial inspectors at the Department of Local Government, Industry Regulation and Safety have powers under the *Industrial Relations Act 1979* to investigate employee complaints about underpayments of pay rates and leave entitlements under this WA award and state employment laws. Industrial inspectors also undertake regular proactive compliance audits in particular industries to determine if employers are paying correct wages and keeping correct employment records.

The penalty for not complying with a provision of a WA award or not complying with a requirement relating to employment records is up to \$18,000 for individuals and \$93,000 for bodies corporate. Higher penalties apply for serious contraventions of up to \$180,000 for individuals and \$930,000 for bodies corporate. An industrial inspector is also able to give a person a civil infringement notice, similar to an 'on-the-spot fine', for not complying with employment record-related requirements. Record keeping requirements are outlined in the Employment records section.

Employees who believe that they have been underpaid wages or leave entitlements under state employment laws, can follow the Steps to making an underpayment complaint.

Stay informed when WA award pay rates change, subscribe to Wageline News or follow Wageline on social media.

Rates of pay

All rates of pay are gross rates (before tax). The tables below provide the rates that apply from the beginning of the first full pay period that starts on or after **1 July 2025**.

Some pay rates in this award are below the applicable state minimum wage. The rates in this summary reflect the legal minimum rate payable to employees.

For the classification definitions see the separate Classifications publication on the <u>Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry (WA) Interim Award summary</u> page of the Wageline website.

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7.3 \$112,997 \$2,166.10 \$57.00	\$71.25
Community Services Worker 8	
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8.2 \$121,899 \$2,336.70 \$61.49	\$76.87
8.3 \$124,073 \$2,378.40 \$62.59	\$78.24
Community Services Worker 9	•
9.1 \$130,187 \$2,495.60 \$65.67	

The rates above include the equal remuneration payments as set out in Schedule 1 of this award.

Registered trainees

- Registered trainees are employees who are undertaking a traineeship registered with the <u>Apprenticeship Office</u> at the Department of Training and Workforce Development. Traineeships can be undertaken on a full time, part time or school-based basis.
- Adult or junior employees undertaking a registered traineeship are not covered by the Crisis Assistance Supported
 Housing Industry Award as there is no job classification for registered trainees under this award, and therefore
 registered trainees in this industry are award free.
- View the pay rates in the <u>Award free employees minimum pay rates and entitlements summary</u> for award free full time, part time and school based registered trainees.
- An employer is required to pay a registered trainee for time spent at TAFE (or other off the job training) as normal working hours. An employer is not required to pay TAFE fees on behalf of the registered trainee.

Deductions from pay

- An employer may only make a deduction from an employee's pay if:
 - the employer is required by a court or a state or federal law to make the deduction (e.g. tax that must be withheld from the employee's pay);
 - the employee has authorised the deduction in writing (as part of a written employment contract or otherwise) and the deduction is paid on behalf of the employee; or
 - the employer is authorised by the WA award to make the deduction and the deduction is paid on behalf of the employee.
- Deductions or requirements to pay an amount of money to the employer or another person in relation to an
 employee under the age of 18 are not permitted unless the deduction or payment is agreed to in writing by the
 employee's parent or guardian.
- A term of a WA award or employment contract providing for a deduction from an employee's pay will be of no
 effect if it is for the benefit of the employer or a party related to the employer and is unreasonable in the
 circumstances.
- An employer cannot directly or indirectly compel an employee to accept goods, accommodation or other services instead of money as part of the employee's pay. Visit <u>Deductions and pay protections</u> for more information.

Allowances

First aid allowance

If an employee is required by an employer to perform first aid duties at the workplace and holds a current first aid certificate they must be paid \$10.23 per week.

On call allowance

Where an employee has written instruction to remain at employee's residence or to otherwise be immediately contactable by telephone or paging system outside of normal hours of duty in case of a call to immediately return to duty must be paid \$7.13 per hour.

Availability allowance

Where an employee has written instruction to remain contactable outside normal hours of duty and available and in a fit state for recall to duty must be paid \$3.57 per hour.

Overtime meal allowance

See the full award on the WA Industrial Relations Commission website www.wairc.wa.gov.au for details on overtime meal allowances.

Motor vehicle allowance

See the full award on the WA Industrial Relations Commission website www.wairc.wa.gov.au for details on motor vehicle allowance.

The Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award contains a number of other allowances payable to employees. Details of these allowances can be found in the award, which is available on the WA Industrial Relations Commission website www.wairc.wa.gov.au

Location allowance for employees in regional areas

- Employees employed in certain regional towns must be paid the weekly location allowance relevant to that town.
 Rates listed below are for adult employees working full time. Casual employees, part time employees, apprentices and trainees must be paid proportionate location allowance based on the proportion which their weekly wage is to the adult rate under the WA award.
- If an employee has a dependant (a spouse or partner, or a child if they do not have a spouse or partner) who does not get a location allowance the employee must receive double the relevant location allowance.
- If an employee has a 'partial dependant' (a dependant who gets a district or location allowance which is less than the location allowance the employee gets) the employee must be paid their relevant location allowance rate plus the difference between the employee's location allowance and what the partial dependant is receiving in district or location allowance.
- If an employee receives free meals and accommodation, or is paid an allowance for meals and accommodation, the employee is only entitled to receive 66.67% of the amount for the relevant town.

Location allowance rates effective first pay period on or after 1 July 2025

Town	\$ per week	Town	\$ per week	Town	\$ per week
Agnew	\$25.90	Halls Creek	\$61.40	Norseman	\$23.30
Argyle	\$70.00	Kalbarri	\$9.40	Nullagine	\$68.10
Balladonia	\$27.20	Kalgoorlie	\$11.10	Onslow	\$45.60
Barrow Island	\$45.60	Kambalda	\$11.10	Pannawonica	\$33.90
Boulder	\$11.10	Karratha	\$44.10	Paraburdoo	\$33.80
Broome	\$41.90	Koolan Island	\$45.80	Port Hedland	\$36.40
Bullfinch	\$12.10	Koolyanobbing	\$12.10	Ravensthorpe	\$13.60
Carnarvon	\$21.50	Kununurra	\$70.00	Roebourne	\$50.80
Cockatoo Island	\$45.80	Laverton	\$26.60	Sandstone	\$25.90
Coolgardie	\$11.10	Learmonth	\$38.50	Shark Bay	\$21.50
Cue	\$26.70	Leinster	\$25.90	Southern Cross	\$12.10
Dampier	\$36.50	Leonora	\$26.60	Telfer	\$62.50
Denham	\$21.50	Madura	\$28.20	Teutonic Bore	\$25.90
Derby	\$43.50	Marble Bar	\$68.20	Tom Price	\$33.80
Esperance	\$7.40	Meekatharra	\$23.10	Whim Creek	\$43.60
Eucla	\$29.10	Mount Magnet	\$29.00	Wickham	\$42.00
Exmouth	\$38.50	Mundrabilla	\$28.70	Wiluna	\$26.10
Fitzroy Crossing	\$52.90	Newman	\$24.90	Wyndham	\$65.40

Meal breaks

Non-shift work

- An employee cannot be required to work more than 5 hours without a break for a meal.
- Employees must be allowed an unpaid meal break of between 30 minutes and 1 hour for lunch each day.
- An employee who is required to work during a meal break must be paid at time and a half until a break is provided.
- Where an employee is required by the employer to have a meal with a client(s) as part of the normal work routine, they must be paid for the meal period. They may then elect to take an unpaid meal break.
- By agreement, a part time employee may forgo their unpaid meal break and work continuously. However, they must take an unpaid meal break on any day in which they work more than 6 hours continuously.

Shift work

- An unpaid meal break of between 30 minutes and 1 hour must be allowed during each shift.
- When an employee is interrupted during a meal break and has to return to duty, the interruption is counted as
 time worked and the employee is allowed to continue the meal break as soon as practicable. If they are unable to
 complete the meal break during the remainder of the shift, they must be paid overtime for the time worked.
- Where an employee is required by the employer to have a meal with a client(s) as part of the normal work routine, they must be paid for the duration of the meal period. They may then elect to take an unpaid meal break.
- Shift workers must receive at least one tea break of not less than 10 minutes when working shifts of 4 hours or longer, and this break is counted as time worked.

Ordinary working hours

- The ordinary hours of work for **full time** employees are:
 - no more than 10 hours in any one day;
 - o no more than an average of 38 hours per week;
 - worked over 152 hours within a work cycle not exceeding 28 days; and
 - o worked within a designated spread of 12 hours between 6.00am and 8.00pm Monday to Friday (to be fixed at the time of engagement and varied only by agreement).*
 - * For counselling services, ordinary hours may be extended to 10.00pm by mutual agreement with staff.
- The ordinary span of hours for **part time** and **casual** employees are the same as that for full time employees.
- Casual employees must be rostered for no less than 2 consecutive hours per shift.
- A majority of employees and the employer may agree to a system of rostered days off with certain limitations.

Shift work – only applies to employees defined as shift workers

Shift worker means an employee who is required to work <u>all or part</u> of their ordinary hours of work outside the spread of ordinary hours on a rostered basis.

- Day shift a shift that commences earlier than 12 noon and finishes at or before 7.00pm.
- Afternoon shift a complete rostered shift of any number of hours commencing at or after 12 noon and finishing at or after 7.00pm on the same day.
- **Night shift** a completed rostered shift worked between the hours of 7.30pm and 8.00am inclusive and finishing at or after midnight.
- All time worked in excess of 8 hours on a rostered extended night shift is credited towards a rostered day off.
- An employee changing from night duty to day duty or day duty to night duty must be free from duty during the 20 hours immediately preceding the commencement of the changed duty.
- Casual and part time employees must not be rostered for more than 76 hours in any fortnight, unless temporarily replacing a full time employee.
- Shift penalty Monday to Friday:
 - an employee working on an afternoon shift from Monday to Friday must be paid an allowance of 12.5% of the ordinary rate in addition to their normal pay.
 - o an employee working on a night shift from Monday to Friday must be paid an allowance of 15% of the ordinary rate in additional to their normal pay.
- Saturday and Sunday work:
 - an employee must be paid an allowance of 50% of the ordinary rate in additional to their normal pay for ordinary hours worked between midnight Friday and midnight Sunday.

Overtime

- All authorised time worked by employees in excess of ordinary hours of work is overtime.
- All overtime worked by shift workers is paid at the rate of double time.
- Wherever reasonably practicable, an employee who has worked overtime must have at least 10 consecutive hours
 off duty between successive shifts.
- By mutual agreement, time off in lieu of payment can be taken (calculated on a time for time basis).
- In the case of casual employees, overtime payments (including the casual loading) are as follows:
 - where time and a half is applicable, the overtime rate is 170% of the base hourly rate; and
 - o where double time is applicable, the overtime rate is 230% of the base hourly rate.

When overtime is worked	Overtime rates
(except shift workers)	
Monday to Friday	Time and a half for the first 3 hours and double time after that.
Saturday*	Time and a half for the first 3 hours and double time after that.
Sunday*	Double time.
Public holiday*	Double time and a half.
An employee recalled to duty after leaving work (minimum payment of 2 hours)^	The appropriate rate of overtime as outlined above.

^{*}An employee required to present for overtime on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday is entitled to a minimum payment of 2 hours. The employee is not required to work the full 2 hours if the work is completed in a shorter period. A Time spent getting to and from work must be counted as time worked if the employee is rostered on call or on availability.

Public holidays

Under this award:

- When Christmas Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, a holiday in lieu is on 27 December.
- When Boxing Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, a holiday in lieu is on 28 December.
- When New Year's Day, Australia Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, a holiday in lieu is on the following Monday.
- When a public holiday is substituted with another day, the public holiday itself is no longer considered a public holiday.
- Easter Saturday is considered a public holiday.
- The Easter Sunday public holiday is on the actual day, and it is not substituted to another day.
- When a public holiday (other than Easter Saturday) falls on an employee's rostered day off, the employee is entitled to a day in lieu to be taken at an agreed time.

Visit Public Holidays in Western Australia to view public holiday dates.

Minimum entitlement to be absent on a public holiday

- All employees have a minimum entitlement to be absent from work on a day that is a public holiday.
- An employer is able to request an employee to work on a public holiday if the request is reasonable, but an
 employee is entitled to refuse a request to work on a public holiday if the request is not reasonable or refusal is
 reasonable.
- There are a range of specific factors that need to be taken into account when determining whether a request or a refusal of a request is reasonable. These are outlined on Public holiday pay and arrangements.

Payment for public holidays

- If a full time or part time employee is absent from work on a public holiday (and their absence is consistent with the minimum entitlements described above) they are entitled to be paid:
 - o as if they were required to work their ordinary hours on the public holiday; and
 - o at the rate they would have received as payment for those hours under this WA award.
- If a casual employee does not work on a public holiday they are not entitled to payment.
- Employees who would not ordinarily work on the public holiday (such as part time employees who do not work on that day of the week) and employees on unpaid leave on the public holiday are not entitled to payment.
- When an employee is required to be on duty on a public holiday, they must be paid at the rate of double time and a half or by agreement, the employee may be granted time off in ordinary hours equivalent to the time worked on a mutually agreed day and without loss of pay.

Flexible working arrangement requests

- Written requests for a flexible work arrangement can be made by employees with at least 12 months' service.
 Requests can only be made in relation to specific circumstances, which include pregnancy, caring responsibilities, disability, and family and domestic violence. The employer must consider the request and provide a written response within 21 days.
- An employer can refuse the request for specified reasons, including reasonable business grounds.
- Any flexible work arrangement agreed between the employer and employee must be consistent with the working hours and employment arrangements in this WA award.
- Visit Flexible work requests for more information.

Employment of children

- There are restrictions on the type of job and working hours for children under 15 years of age. These laws apply
 to all Western Australian employers.
- As long as the work does not prevent school attendance, children of any age can:
 - o work in a family business owned by a relative such as a parent, aunt, uncle or grandparent;
 - o perform professionally as an actor, musician, entertainer or in an advertisement; and
 - o work for charities and other not-for-profit organisations.
- School aged children must not be employed during school hours, unless participating in a school program (e.g. work experience placement).
- Visit When children can work in Western Australia for more information.

Leave entitlements

Quick reference guide

Leave entitlement	Full time	Part time	Casual
Annual leave	\checkmark	✓	×
Paid personal leave	✓	✓	×
Unpaid personal leave for caring purposes	✓	✓	✓
Bereavement leave	✓	✓	✓
Unpaid parental leave	✓	✓	✓
Long service leave	✓	✓	✓
Family and domestic violence leave	✓	✓	✓

This WA award summary covers the basic leave entitlements for employees covered by the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award but does **not** include all details on leave obligations and entitlements. Visit the WA Industrial Relations Commission website www.wairc.wa.gov.au for full details of conditions contained in the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award, the *Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993* and the *Long Service Leave Act 1958*.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ceremonial leave

An employee legitimately required by the employee's Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander tradition to be absent from work for ceremonial purposes is entitled to up to 10 working days' unpaid leave in any one year.

Annual leave

- Full time employees are entitled to a minimum of 4 weeks of paid annual leave for each year of completed service, up to 152 hours. Part time employees are entitled to a minimum of 4 weeks of paid annual leave per year, paid on a pro rata basis according to the number of hours they are required ordinarily to work in a 4 week period. Casual employees are not entitled to annual leave.
- Annual leave accrues on a weekly basis:
 - o A full time employee accrues 2.923 hours of annual leave for each completed week of work.
 - A part time employee accrues the relevant proportion of 2.923 hours annual leave for each completed week of work.
- An employee who is regularly rostered for duty over seven days of the week or who works permanent night shift
 is entitled to up to 5 weeks of annual leave for each year of completed service (that is, they accrue up to an
 additional week of leave each year). For further details of how this additional leave accrues refer to Clause 23.2 of
 the award
- Full time and part time employees stationed in any locality in WA north of the 24th parallel of South Latitude or in Carnarvon are entitled to additional annual leave full time employees are entitled to an additional 38 hours leave and part time employees are entitled to an additional one week of leave calculated on the basis of average weekly number of hours worked over the previous 12 months.
- Annual leave is a minimum entitlement in the Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993 and the Crisis
 Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award sets out additional requirements regarding annual leave and
 annual leave loading.
- During a period of annual leave an employee must be paid annual leave loading of 17.5%. Shift workers are to be
 paid an average of the shift penalties they would have received had they been working, or 17.5%, whichever is the
 higher.
- Wageline's <u>Annual leave calculation guide</u> can assist with calculating annual leave entitlements.
- For annual leave entitlements when employment ends see the *Resignation, termination and redundancy* section.
- Visit Annual leave for more information.

Parental leave

Employees, including eligible casual employees, are entitled to the unpaid parental leave entitlements in the National Employment Standards of the *Fair Work Act 2009*. Visit <u>Parental leave</u> for more details.

Bereavement leave

- All employees, including casual employees, are entitled to 2 days paid bereavement leave on the death of a member of the employee's family or household. The 2 days need not be consecutive.
- Bereavement leave is a minimum entitlement from the Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993.
- The Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award also contains provisions regarding bereavement leave which are more beneficial in certain circumstances, including:
 - Full time and part time employees are entitled to take up to 3 days' bereavement leave on each occasion of a death within Australia of the employee's immediate family or household.
 - Full time and part time employees are also entitled to take up to 3 days' bereavement leave on each occasion
 of the death outside Australia of a member of the employee's immediate family or household, where the
 employee travels outside Australia to attend the funeral.
 - Employees who are Indigenous Australians are entitled to extended bereavement leave in accordance with the requirements of their culture and community, provided that the extended leave totals no more than 5 days' leave.
- Visit <u>Bereavement leave</u> for more information.

Personal leave

- Personal leave entitles a full time or part time employee to paid time off work due to either illness or injury to
 themselves, or because they have to care for a member of their family or household who requires care or support
 because they are sick, injured or affected by an unexpected emergency.
- Each year, full time and part time employees accrue paid personal leave equal to the number of hours they would ordinarily work in a 2 week period, up to 76 hours per year. Personal leave is a cumulative entitlement, and any leave not taken in one year is carried over and able to be taken in future years.
- Paid personal leave accrues on a weekly basis for full and part time employees. Wageline's <u>Personal leave</u> calculation guide can assist with calculating paid personal leave entitlements.
- An employee, including a casual employee, is entitled to up to 2 days of unpaid personal leave per occasion when
 a member of the employee's family or household requires care or support because of a personal illness or injury
 or unexpected emergency affecting the member. A full time or part time employee cannot take unpaid personal
 leave for caring purposes if they have paid personal leave available.
- Casual employees are not entitled to paid personal leave.
- Personal leave is a minimum entitlement from the Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993.
- Unused personal leave entitlements are not paid out on termination.
- Visit Personal leave for definitions of 'member of the family or household' or for more information.

Long service leave

- Long service leave is a paid leave entitlement for full time, part time and casual employees. Under the *Long Service Leave Act 1958* (LSL Act), an employee may be eligible for long service leave:
 - o after 10 years of continuous employment with the same employer, and for every 5 years of continuous employment after the initial 10 years; and
 - on a pro rata basis when their employment ends after 7 years of continuous employment but before 10 years.
- The <u>Long service leave</u> pages of the Wageline website contain information on who is covered by the LSL Act, the entitlement to long service leave, how long service leave can be taken and frequently asked questions.
- To be entitled to long service leave an employee's employment with their employer must be continuous. There are some paid and unpaid absences or interruptions to an employee's employment that:
 - o do not break an employee's continuous employment; and
 - o count towards the employee's period of employment for the purposes of accruing long service leave.
 - Some other types of absences do not break an employee's continuous employment, but do not count towards an employee's period of employment for the purposes of accruing long service leave. Visit What is continuous employment for details.
- An employee's employment may in some circumstances also be continuous despite a change in the ownership of a business and the associated change of employer. This applies regardless of anything written in a sale of business contract. Visit When a business changes ownership for details.
- The <u>WA long service leave calculator</u> can provide an estimate of the number of weeks of long service leave an employee is entitled to when employment ends as a result of resignation, dismissal, death or redundancy.

Family and domestic violence leave

- All employees are entitled to 10 days' paid family and domestic violence leave under the national Fair Work Act 2009.
- In addition, all state system employees are entitled to 5 days' **unpaid** family and domestic violence leave under the *Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993*.
- Family and domestic violence leave is available in full at the start of each 12 month period of an employee's employment and does not accumulate from year to year. The leave is available in full to part time and casual employees (i.e. it is not pro rata).
- Visit Family and domestic violence leave for more information.

Resignation, termination and redundancy

An employee is entitled to be paid out annual leave when employment ends.

Unused annual leave for any completed year of employment (including annual leave loading) gets paid out when employment ends due to resignation, dismissal or redundancy.

Pro rata annual leave for part of a year of employment is paid out when employment ends due to resignation, redundancy or dismissal. Annual leave loading is not paid on pro rata annual leave.

Resignation by the employee

Full time and part time employees are required to provide the same notice period for resignation from their position as the employer is required to provide the employee in respect of termination, but there is no requirement on the employee to give additional notice based on the age of the employee concerned.

Termination

Except in cases of serious misconduct, an employer is required to give full time and part time employees the following period of notice of termination (or payment in lieu):

Period of continuous service	Notice period
1 year or less	1 week
Over 1 year and up to the completion of 3 years*	2 weeks
Over 3 years and up to the completion of 5 years*	3 weeks
Over 5 years of completed service*	4 weeks

^{*}Employees over 45 years of age with not less than 2 years continuous service are entitled to an additional week's notice.

Dismissal requirements

Under state laws, employees cannot be dismissed if to do so would be harsh, unfair or oppressive. There must be a valid and fair reason for dismissal, such as:

- consistent unsatisfactory work performance (which has been raised with the employee and the employee given further training and an opportunity to improve their work performance);
- inappropriate behaviour or actions; or
- serious misconduct.

Dismissal and unfair dismissal outlines obligations and requirements when an employee is terminated.

Redundancy

An employee is redundant when their employer has made a definite decision that they no longer wish the job the employee has been doing to be done by anyone.

When an employee has been made redundant they are entitled to receive:

- the appropriate notice period or pay in lieu of notice, as outlined above in the *Termination* section above;
- paid leave for job interviews;
- any unpaid wages;
- any unused accrued and pro rata annual leave;
- any unused accrued long service leave;
- pro rata long service leave (if applicable); and
- severance pay (if applicable).

Visit Redundancy for information on redundancy obligations.

Award severance pay – Employers who employ less than 15 employees

Employers covered by the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award who employ less than 15 employees must pay the severance pay entitlements in the award when an employee is made redundant, as outlined in the table below.

Award severance pay does not need to be paid to probationary employees, casual employees, apprentices and trainees, employees who have been engaged for a specific period of time or for a specified task or tasks, or employees terminated as a consequence of conduct that justifies instant dismissal.

Period of continuous service with employer*	Award severance pay
Less than 1 year	Nil
1 year but less than 2 years	4 weeks
2 years but less than 3 years	6 weeks
3 years but less than 4 years	7 weeks
4 years and over	8 weeks

^{*}An employee's period of continuous service includes any service with that business under a previous employer where there has been a transfer of business.

Severance pay - Employers who employ 15 or more employees

Employers covered by the Crisis Assistance, Supported Housing Industry Award who employ 15 or more employees must pay severance pay when an employee is made redundant, as outlined in the table below.

Period of continuous service*	Number of weeks severance pay
Less than 1 year	Nil
1 year and less than 2 years	4 weeks
2 years and less than 3 years	6 weeks
3 years and less than 4 years	7 weeks
4 years and less than 5 years	8 weeks
5 years and less than 6 years	10 weeks
6 years and less than 7 years	11 weeks
7 years and less than 8 years	13 weeks
8 years and less than 9 years	14 weeks
9 years and less than 10 years	16 weeks
10 years and over	12 weeks

^{*}An employee's period of continuous service includes any service with that business under a previous employer where there has been a transfer of business.

These severance pay requirements do not apply to probationary employees, apprentices and trainees, casual and contract employees or employees terminated due to serious misconduct or for other reasons not related to redundancy.

Redundancy pay is calculated based on the applicable number of weeks' severance multiplied by ordinary time earnings. Ordinary time earnings excludes overtime, penalty rates, and allowances.

If the employee resigns during the notice period, they are entitled to the same severance pay they would receive if they had worked until the end of the notice period. However, in this circumstance the employee is not entitled to payment in lieu of notice.

Visit Redundancy for more information on redundancy payments.

Pay slip and record keeping requirements

Employers must provide all employees with a pay slip, and must keep employment records as required by state employment law. There are penalties for not keeping records and not providing a pay slip.

Pay slips

Employers need to provide a pay slip to each employee within one working day of paying the employee for work performed. The employer can decide whether to give a hard copy or electronic form of the pay slip.

A pay slip needs to include the following information:

- the employer's name and Australian Business Number (if any);
- the employee's name;
- the period to which the pay slip relates;
- the date on which the payment referred to in the pay slip was made;
- the gross and net amounts of the payment, and any amount withheld as tax;
- any incentive based payment, or payment of a bonus, loading, penalty rates or another monetary allowance or separately identifiable entitlement;
- if an amount is deducted from the gross amount of the payment:
 - o the name of the person in relation to whom or which the deduction was made;
 - if the deduction was paid into a fund or account the name, or the name and number, of the fund or account; and
 - the purpose of the deduction;
- if the employee is paid at an hourly rate of pay:
 - o the rate of pay for the employee's ordinary hours;
 - o the number of hours worked during the period to which the pay slip relates; and
 - o the amount of the payment made at that rate;
- if the employee is paid a weekly or an annual rate of pay the rate as at the latest date to which the payment relates;
- if the employer is required to make superannuation contributions for the benefit of the employee:
 - the amount of each contribution that the employer made during the period to which the pay slip relates and the name, or the name and number, of any fund to which the contribution was made; or
 - the amounts of the contributions that the employer is liable to make in relation to the period to which the pay slip relates, and the name, or the name and number, of any fund to which the contributions will be made

Visit Pay slip requirements for more information and a pay slip template to assist employers.

Employment records

Record keeping requirements

It is compulsory for all employers to keep employment records which include the following information:

- the employee's name and, if under 21 years of age, their date of birth;
- the employer's name and Australian Business Number (if any);
- the name of the WA award that applies (in this case the *Crisis Assistance Supported Housing Industry (Western Australian) Interim Award*);
- date the employee commenced employment with the employer;
- for each day of work:
 - o the time at which the employee started and finished work;
 - o period/s for which the employee was paid; and
 - details of work breaks including meal breaks;
- for each pay period:
 - the employee's designation (such as full time, part time, casual) and employee classification;
 - o the gross and net amounts paid to the employee;
 - any amount withheld as tax; and
 - o all deductions from pay and the reasons for them;
- any incentive based payment, bonus, loading, penalty rates or other monetary allowance or entitlement;
- all leave taken, whether paid, partly paid or unpaid;

- the following matters relating to superannuation:
 - the date on which each superannuation contribution was made, the amount of the contributions, the period over which the contributions were made, the name of any fund to which a contribution was made;
 - o how the employer worked out the amount of superannuation owed; and
 - o any choice made by the employee as to which fund their contributions are to be made and the date on which the choice was made;
- the information necessary for the calculation of and payment of long service leave under the *Long Service Leave Act 1958*. Employers are also required to comply with the record keeping requirements in the *Long Service Leave Act 1958*. Visit Long service leave for details;
- any other information necessary to show that the pay and benefits received by the employee comply with the WA award and other legal obligations such as employee entitlements under the *Minimum Conditions of Employment Act 1993* or *Long Service Leave Act 1958*; and
- any other information required by the WA award to be recorded.

It is also compulsory to keep employment records that detail specific information regarding:

- termination related matters; and
- any supported wage system or a supported wage industrial instrument provision that applies to an employee with a disability.

If an employer makes a payment to an employee in cash, the employer must provide a record of the payment to the employee and ensure that a copy of the record of payment is kept as an employment record.

Wageline's <u>Record keeping obligations</u> provides more information and record keeping templates to assist employers.

Time periods for keeping records

It is compulsory that each entry in relation to annual leave and long service leave must be retained during the employee's period of employment and for not less than 7 years after the employment ends and each other employment record must be retained for not less than 7 years after it is made.